CITY OF RYE 1051 BOSTON POST ROAD RYE, NY 10580 AGENDA

REGULAR MEETING OF THE CITY COUNCIL VIA ZOOM CONFERENCE Wednesday, December 2, 2020 6:30 p.m.

PURSUANT TO GOVERNOR CUOMO'S EXECUTIVE ORDER No. 202.1, REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE OPEN MEETINGS LAW HAVE BEEN SUSPENDED AND PUBLIC BODIES MAY MEET WITHOUT ALLOWING THE PUBLIC TO BE PHYSICALLY PRESENT. FOR THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF ALL, CITY HALL WILL REMAIN CLOSED. THE MEETING WILL BE HELD VIA ZOOM VIDEO-CONFERENCING WITH NO IN-PERSON LOCATION AND WILL BE BROADCAST ON THE CITY WEBSITE. A FULL TRANSCRIPT OF THE MEETING WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE AT A FUTURE DATE.

City of Rye residents may participate in the public meeting via the zoom link below. A resident wishing to speak on a topic should raise his or her hand and, when admitted to speak, should provide name and home address, and limit comment to no more than three minutes.

Please click the link below to join the webinar: <u>https://zoom.us/j/94743765273?pwd=dGRHRldoOFhtcHVlS1ZndisxWncvQT09</u> Or phone: (646) 558-8656 or (301) 715-8592 or (312) 626-6799 Webinar ID: 947 4376 5273 Password: 815298

[The Council will convene via ZOOM CONFERENCE at 5:15 p.m. and it is expected they will adjourn into a teleconference Executive Session at 5:16 p.m. to discuss attorney-client privileged matters, personnel matters, and/or labor negotiations.]

- 1. Roll Call
- 2. Draft unapproved minutes of the Regular Meeting of the City Council held November 18, 2020.
- 3. County Executive George Latimer Discussion of Coronavirus in Westchester (subject to availability).
- 4. Open a public hearing to consider a petition from Midland Rye LLC to amend the City of Rye Zoning Code to expand the list of permissible uses in the B-5 "Interchange Office Building" Zoning District. All public hearing comments should be emailed to

<u>publichearingcomments@ryeny.gov</u> with "Midland Rye LLC" as the subject no later than 12:00 pm on December 2, 2020.

- 5. Mayor and Council amendments to the proposed 2021 City of Rye Budget. Roll Call
- 6. Open the public hearing on the 2021 Budget.
- 7. Consideration to set a public hearing to adopt a Local Law to override the State enacted tax levy limitation for December 16, 2020.
- 8. Residents may be heard on matters for Council consideration that do not appear on the agenda.
- 9. Adjourn until January 6, 2021 the public hearing for consideration of a petition from The Miriam Osborn Memorial Home to amend the text of the City of Rye Zoning Code Association to create new use and development standards for "Senior Living Facilities" in the R-2 Zoning District. All public hearing comments should be emailed to publichearingcomments@ryeny.gov with "Osborn Zoning Change" as the subject no later than 12:00 pm on January 6, 2021.
- 10. Old Business/New Business.
- 11. Adjournment

The next regular meeting of the City Council will be held on Wednesday, December 16, 2020 at 6:30 p.m.

** City Council meetings are available live on Cablevision Channel 75, Verizon Channel 39, and on the City Website, indexed by Agenda item, at www.ryeny.gov under "RyeTV Live".

UNAPPROVED MINUTES of the Regular Meeting of the City Council of the City of Rye held in City Hall on November 18, 2020, at 6:30 P.M.

PRESENT:

JOSH COHN, Mayor SARA GODDARD CAROLINA JOHNSON RICHARD MECCA JULIE SOUZA BENJAMIN STACKS PAMELA TARLOW Councilmembers

ABSENT:

None

The Council convened at 5:15 P.M. by videoconference pursuant to Governor Cuomo's Executive Order 202.1 waiving requirements of the Open Meetings Law. Councilman Mecca made a motion, seconded by Councilwoman Souza, to adjourn briefly into executive session to discuss litigation and personnel matters. The Council reconvened in a public videoconference at 6:30 P.M. The meeting was streamed live at <u>www.ryeny.gov</u> for public viewing.

1. <u>Roll Call.</u>

Mayor Cohn asked the City Clerk to call the roll; a quorum was present to conduct official City business.

2. Draft unapproved minutes of the Regular Meeting of the City Council held November 4, 2020.

Councilman Souza made a motion, seconded by Councilman Mecca and unanimously carried, to approve the minutes of the Regular Meeting of the City Council held November 4, 2020.

3. <u>Consideration to set a public hearing for December 2, 2020 to continue consideration of a petition from Midland Rye LLC to amend the City of Rye Zoning Code to expand the list of permissible uses in the B-5 "Interchange Office Building" Zoning District.</u>

Councilman Stacks recused himself from this matter.

Steven Wrabel, McCullough Goldberger and Staudt, attorney for the applicant, addressed the Council. He introduced Peter Duncan of George Comfort and Sons, Aaron Werner of AKRF, and traffic engineer Marc Petroro. He said that the applicant took the Council's comments from the November 4, 2020 meeting to heart and addressed them in proposed changes to the zoning amendment. Mr. Wrabel outlined that the changes would include: 1) adding additional language to the definitions to distinguish finishing/ assembling versus manufacturing; 2) that the finishing/

assembling use will need to be specifically defined as a part of the site plan approve process; 3) that all delivery trucks will be required to enter the property from Midland Avenue and not Peck; 4) including specific language mitigating a variety of impacts, including that the use would not be more impactful than the current permitted use.

Mayor Cohn explained that the difference between the terms "finishing" and "manufacturing" does not bring the Council much comfort. He mentioned that the applicant may want to consider "light assembling" to distinguish the use further. He asked the applicant if the resident districts referenced were determined in the City code, which Mr. Wrabel confirmed.

Mr. Wrabel explained that the City code categories zoning districts, and the properties at issue here are bound in part by residential districts as well as business and commercial.

Mayor Cohn asked about how the zoning amendment would be noticed for neighbors and residents. City Planner Miller explained that there is a sign notice requirement on the property, as well as a mailing to abutters within 300 feet of the property. Mayor Cohn said that he thought that signage was to face the highway. Mr. Duncan confirmed that it would face the highway.

Councilwoman Goddard thanked the applicant for incorporating some suggested changes to the zoning text amendment. She asked for clarification on the prohibition on truck deliveries only coming in from Midland Avenue. Mr. Duncan confirmed that all trucks would be required to enter at that access point. There was discussion between Councilwoman Goddard and Mr. Wrabel on the chemical storage issue which generally prohibited. Mr. Wrabel explained that the intent of that was to be all encompassing.

Councilwoman Goddard asking about potential uses for the property to be included in the zoning amendment and the proportions of those uses (i.e. daycare, assembling, etc.). She asked how the City/ applicant could provide comfort to the surrounding neighborhoods on this, as the proportions could change the character from one type of use to another. Mr. Miller explained that having mixed uses could be advantageous. Mr. Wrabel said that the Planning Commission would review the site plan, and the onus is on the applicant to prove that the use will be less impactful than the current permitted use.

Councilwoman Souza thanked the applicant. She said that she would rather have the property being put to good use would be better than it remaining vacant. She said she was optimistic.

Councilwoman Tarlow said that this was a discretionary action, and that it should be approved for the highest and best use (commercial use). She said that the use is being lowered in terms of the tax base if that is not the case. She asked what the applicant did to market this property since it was purchased it at highest and best use. Mr. Wrabel said that the office use has not been highest and best use as of late. He said that as soon as the building can get tenants of any kind, it improves the tax value. Mr. Duncan said that taxes are going down due to the result of the tax certiorari since nothing is happening there. There was general discussion over the best use and tax value. Councilwoman Tarlow asked, and the applicant confirmed, that it tried to market this property in its current zoning and found that the use was not going to fill the building as it needed to be filled.

Councilwoman Souza said that if its use is in demand and vibrant, it could help the property tax situation. Councilwoman Tarlow opined that when the use changes and the tax value changes, it can be significant.

Mayor Cohn asked that if the applicant had a menu of potential uses and as it markets the property, will it attempt to rent the property to those who will pay the highest rent. Mr. Duncan replied that would be the case, and they are currently speaking with tenants who have office use needs.

Councilwoman Tarlow asked if the zoning is approved January 1, 2021, what the potential timeframe would be that the applicant would like to see occupancy. Mr. Duncan was hopeful for 2021. Councilwoman Tarlow said that there are a bunch of residents living over there, and asked if the applicant would entertain neighborhood discussing as part of the planning process. Mr. Duncan said that it was the applicant's intent to do so, as his company has deep-rooted ties to the community and respects the process.

Councilwoman Souza added that the process has much more to go and community will be able to have input along the way.

Councilwoman Tarlow made a motion, seconded by Councilwoman Souza and unanimously carried, to set a public hearing for December 2, 2020 to continue consideration of a petition from Midland Rye LLC to amend the City of Rye Zoning Code to expand the list of permissible uses in the B-5 "Interchange Office Building" Zoning District.

4. <u>County Executive George Latimer Discussion of Coronavirus in Westchester.</u>

This item was adjourned.

5. <u>Residents may be heard on matters for Council consideration that do not appear on the agenda.</u>

There was nothing to report under this item.

6. <u>Resolution to waive parking restrictions and parking fees in all downtown parking lots</u> and Purchase Street for the period between December 7, 2020 and December 26, 2020. <u>Roll Call.</u>

Mayor Cohn reminded everyone that this is something that has been done for several years to encourage shopping in the downtown. He mentioned that with the holidays being spread out over several weeks this year, the Council would like to waive the fees for the entirety of the holiday span. He felt that with the pandemic, merchants could benefit from this waiver even more. Councilwoman Souza agreed, as did other members of the Council.

Councilman Mecca reminded everyone that in past years, the intent of the waiver of parking fees was still to enforce the time limits for parking. He asked that the resolution indicate only the waiver of the fees. The Council agreed, and City Manager Usry stated that the time enforcement was consistent with past years, and could be possible.

Councilwoman Souza made a motion, seconded by Councilwoman Tarlow, to adopt the following resolution:

RESOLVED, that the City Council waive parking fees in all downtown parking lots and Purchase Street for the period between December 7, 2020 and December 26, 2020.

ROLL CALL

AYES:Mayor Cohn, Councilmembers Goddard, Johnson, Mecca, Souza, Stacks,
TarlowNAYS:NoneABSENT:None

7. Consideration of a request from the Chamber of Commerce to use the Village Green on November 28 & 29, 2020 from 11 AM – 4 PM for puppet and science shows as well as a children's singer. All events will be by sign-up only and limited to 50 people with a new event beginning every hour.

Councilwoman Souza made a motion, seconded by Councilwoman Goddard, and unanimously carried, to approve a request from the Chamber of Commerce to use the Village Green on November 28 & 29, 2020 from 11 AM - 4 PM for puppet and science shows as well as a children's singer. All events will be by sign-up only and limited to 50 people with a new event beginning every hour.

8. <u>Resolution designating the days and time of regular meetings of the City Council for</u> 2021 setting January 6, 2021 as the first regular meeting.

Councilman Mecca made a motion, seconded by Councilwoman Tarlow, to adopt the following resolution:

RESOLVED, that the City Council designate the days and time of regular meetings of the City Council for 2021 setting January 6, 2021 as the first regular meeting as follows:

- January 6, 20
- February 3, 24
- March 10, 24
- April 7, 21
- May 5, 19
- July 14
- August 11
- September 22

- October 6, 20
- November 3, 17
- December 1, 15

Other Meetings:

- April 17 (Joint meeting with School Board)
- November 16, 22 (Budget Workshops)

9. <u>Old Business/New Business.</u>

City Manager Usry reminded that Purchase Street will reopen on Tuesday, December 1, 2020.

Councilwoman Souza asked about modified setup and parking. City Manager Usry responded that the City had been working with several businesses.

Councilwoman Johnson asked if Purchase Street would be open to traffic in both directions. Mr. Usry responded that the plan was to reopen in a similar traffic pattern to originally designed. Modifications were planned for the sidewalks to accommodating outdoor seating.

10. Adjournment.

There being no further business to discuss, Councilman Mecca made a motion, seconded by Councilwoman Souza and unanimously carried, to adjourn the meeting at 7:34 P.M.

Respectfully submitted,

Carolyn D'Andrea City Clerk



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA

DEPT.: Planning

CONTACT: Christian Miller, City Planner

AGENDA ITEM: Open a public hearing to consider of a petition from Midland Rye LLC to amend the City of Rye Zoning Code to expand the list of permissible uses in the B-5 "Interchange Office Building" Zoning District. All public hearing comments should be emailed to publichearingcomments@ryeny.gov with "Midland Rye LLC" as the subject no later than 12:00 pm on December 2, 2020.

DATE: November 24, 2020

FOR THE MEETING OF: December 2, 2020 RYE CITY CODE, CHAPTER SECTION

RECOMMENDATION:	That the City Council open the public hearing.

IMPACT:	Environmental Fiscal Neighborhood Other:

BACKGROUND:

The former Avon property at 601-602 Midland Avenue was purchased by Midland Rye LLC. The petitioner believes the proposed zoning changes would allow them to better market the property and make use of the underutilized site by providing more flexibility in pursuing potential tenants. The original petition was previously referred to the Planning Commission, which provided its advisory recommendation to the City Council in November 2019 memorandum (attached hereto). The Petitioner's September 18, 2020 petition revises its original zoning text amendment and is attached hereto. The most recent submission of November 24, 2020 addresses the Council's comments from the November 18th City Council meeting and better refines the proposed use regulations.

McCullough, Goldberger & Staudt, LLP

Attorneys at Law 1311 Mamaroneck Avenue, Suite 340 WhitePlains, New York

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November 24, 2020

Honorable Mayor Josh Cohn

and Members of the City Council City of Rye 1050 Boston Post Road Rye, New York 10580

Re: 601-621 Midland Avenue Zoning Text Amendment

Dear Mayor Cohn and Members of the City Council:

This office represents Midland Rye LLC¹ (hereinafter "Petitioner" or "George Comfort"). Petitioner is the owner of a 14.84-acre lot identified as 601 Midland Avenue (the "Property") and the 3.25-acre lot identified as 621 Midland Avenue, which is vacant. The Property is primarily located in the B-5 "Interchange Office Building" Zoning District and is currently improved with the now-vacant Avon office building. Petitioner is proposing a Zoning Text Amendment (the "Amendment") to expand the list of permissible uses in the B-5 District in order to better market the Property to perspective tenants in an increasingly difficult environment for office uses.

Following our discussion with the Council at its November 18th meeting, additional changes have been made to the Amendment to address the Council's comments and better refine the proposed use regulations. All newly proposed uses are now explicitly prohibited from utilizing the Peck Avenue entrance for truck traffic. Additional language has also been included to ensure that principal signage for a self-storage use must be directed at the railroad or Interstate-95 and may not face Peck Avenue or Midland Avenue.

We have also limited the proposed product finishing/assembly use to light finishing and assembly. The local law now makes it clear that any materials, equipment, or finished products associated with an assembly use may not be stored outside. This distinction will prohibit heavier assembly tenants, which would require outdoor storage to accommodate a more intensive use. Moreover, the permitted use terminology has been revised to reflect "light" assembly, and the Planning Commission must describe a specific light assembly use as part of the Site Plan approval process. This will ensure a heavy assembly use may not be permitted on the Property.

FRANK S. McCULLOUGH (1905-1998) EVANS V. BREWSTER (1920-2005)

¹ Midland Rye LLC is a Delaware limited liability company licensed to do business in the State of New York, under common control with George Comfort & Sons, Inc.

Please find enclosed a copy of the proposed zoning language, together with a redline showing the most recent changes to the Amendment. We look forward to discussing this matter with the Council in greater detail at the December 2^{nd} public hearing.

Very truly yours,

te Wuld

Steven Wrabel

cc: Greg G. Usry Kristen Wilson, Esq. Christian Miller George Comfort & Sons, Inc. AKRF, Inc. JMC Engineering

CITY COUNCIL CITY OF RYE, NEW YORK

LOCAL LAW NO. ____-2020

A LOCAL LAW TO REVISE THE ZONING ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF RYE TO EXPAND THE LIST OF PERMITTED USES WITHIN THE B-5 ZONING DISTRICT TO INCLUDE SELF-STORAGE, MEDICAL OFFICE, DAYCARE, PRODUCT TESTING, AND PRODUCT FINISHNIG/ASSEMBLY

Be it enacted by the City Council of the City of Rye as follows:

Section One. Section 197-1 of the City of Rye Zoning Ordinance shall be amended by adding a new defined term entitled "Self-Storage", which shall state as follows:

SELF-STORAGE

A fully enclosed commercial and/or business establishment providing varying sizes of individual compartmentalized and/or controlled access to stalls or lockers for the storage of business and personal property. Such facilities shall not include warehouse or distribution uses.

Section Two. Section 197-12 of the City of Rye Zoning Ordinance shall be amended by adding new sections .C. and .D., which shall state as follows:

- C. Nothing shall prohibit two or more principal uses on any one property within the B-5 District, provided all applicable standards and requirements are met pursuant to this Chapter.
- D. Sites in the B-5 District improved with one or more uses subject to additional standards and requirements in accordance with Section 197-86 of this Chapter shall have their primary access, including all access for delivery vehicles, from a State or County highway.

Section Three. Section 197-86 of the City of Rye Zoning Ordinance shall be amended by adding new sections (3), (4), (5), (6) and (7) to Table B, Column 2, under the heading "B-5 Interchange Office Building District", which shall state as follows:

(3) Medical offices for physicians or dentists, exclusive of bed care of patients. Said offices shall comply with all dimensional regulations applicable to office buildings within the B-5 District and shall have a minimum parking requirement of 5.0 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.

- (4) Self-storage, provided the following criteria are met:
 - (a) Signage must comply with all elements of the Rye Sign Ordinance (Chapter 165). No signage, other than necessary directional or minor signage, may face a local or County Road.
 - (b) Unless expressly provided otherwise, self-storage uses shall comply with all other dimensional requirements applicable to office buildings within the B-5 District.
 - (c) No self-storage use shall exceed 2/3 of the usable floor area of any existing or proposed building within the B-5 District.
 - (d) Self-storage facilities shall not be constructed to appear industrial in nature or out of keeping with the character of the surrounding neighborhood.
 - (e) Self-storage facilities shall have a minimum parking requirement of 0.25 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.
 - (f) Storage of chemicals in such state and quantities so as to be "reportable" as defined by Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act ("EPCRA"), shall not be permitted, regardless of the number of employees on site.
- (5) Duly licensed daycare and child-care facilities, which shall comply with all dimensional regulations applicable to office buildings within the B-5 District, and shall have a minimum parking requirement of 4.0 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.
- (6) Light finishing or assembling of products within a fully enclosed building, subject to the following requirements:
 - (a) Manufacturing shall not be permitted, and any associated machinery shall be incidental to the assembly or finishing of products. For purposes of this section, manufacturing uses are those that are engaged in basic processing of materials from extracted or raw materials. Manufacturing uses differ from finishing or assembling uses in their size, scale, traffic, intensity of energy usage, and pollution potential.
 - (b) No outside storage of equipment, materials, or finished products shall be permitted.
 - (c) Light finishing and/or assembling facilities shall have a minimum parking requirement of 2.0 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.
 - (d) Storage of chemicals in such state and quantities so as to be "reportable" as defined by Section 313 of the EPCRA shall be generally prohibited, regardless of the number of employees on site. The use of one or more chemicals in amounts that are "reportable" may be permitted if it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Planning Commission that such chemicals shall be handled, stored, and disposed of in a manner that is protective of the health and safety of neighboring properties and the environment, inclusive of the sanitary sewer system.
 - (e) The Planning Commission shall make a finding that the proposed use in the specific location contemplated will not result in greater impacts to adjoining residence districts than an otherwise permitted office building use.
 - (f) The Planning Commission shall describe the specific light finishing and assembly use, including the size, scope, and potential impacts of any ancillary or accessory uses thereof, being permitted as part of any Site Plan approval.
 - (g) Any light finishing/assembly facility shall comply with all dimensional regulations applicable to office buildings within the B-5 District.

- (7) Testing of products, subject to the following requirements:
 - (a) Manufacturing shall not be permitted, and any associated machinery shall be incidental to the testing of products. For purposes of this section, manufacturing uses are those that are engaged in basic processing of materials from extracted or raw materials. Manufacturing uses differ from finishing or assembling uses in their size, scale, traffic, intensity of energy usage, and pollution potential.
 - (b) No outside storage of equipment or materials shall be permitted.
 - (c) Any product testing that occurs outside shall not be visible from a residential district.
 - (d) Testing shall have a minimum parking requirement of 2.0 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.
 - (e) Storage of chemicals in such state and quantities so as to be "reportable" as defined by Section 313 of the EPCRA shall be generally prohibited, regardless of the number of employees on site. The use of one or more chemicals in amounts that are "reportable" may be permitted if it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Planning Commission that such chemicals shall be handled, stored, and disposed of in a manner that is protective of the health and safety of neighboring properties and the environment, inclusive of the sanitary sewer system.
 - (f) The Planning Commission shall make a finding that the proposed use in the specific location contemplated will not result in greater impacts to adjoining residence districts than an otherwise permitted office building use.
 - (g) Any product testing facility shall comply with all dimensional regulations applicable to office buildings within the B-5 District.

Section Four. If any section, subsection, clause, phrase or other portion of this Local Law is, for any reason, declared invalid, in whole or in part, by any court, agency, commission, legislative body or other authority of competent jurisdiction, such portion shall be deemed a separate distinct and independent portion. Such declaration shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions hereof, which other portions shall continue in full force and effect.

Section Five. This Local Law shall take effect immediately upon filing with the Secretary of State.

RECEIVED McCullough, Goldberger & STATIOT, RME

Attorneys at Law

1311 MAMARONECK AVENUE, 2021 SEP 2 AM 11:51

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September 18, 2020

FRANK S. McCULLOUGH (1905-1998) EVANS V. BREWSTER (1920-2005)

FRANK S. MCCULLOUGH, JR. JAMES STAUDT LINDA B. WHITEHEAD SETH M. MANDELBAUM

AMANDA L. BROSY EDMUND C. GRAINGER, III PATRICIA W. GURAHIAN MEREDITH A. LEFF MORGAN H. STANLEY KEVIN E. STAUDT STEVEN M. WRABEL

CHARLES A. GOLDBERGER COUNSEL

Honorable Mayor Josh Cohn and Members of the City Council City of Rye 1050 Boston Post Road Rye, New York 10580

Re: 601-621 Midland Avenue Zoning Text Amendment

Dear Mayor Cohn and Members of the City Council:

This office represents Midland Rye LLC¹, (hereinafter, "Petitioner" or "George Comfort"). Petitioner is the owner of a tract of land totaling approximately 18.09 acres of real property, which consists of the 14.84-acre lot identified as 601 Midland Avenue (the "Property") and the 3.25-acre lot identified as 621 Midland Avenue (the "Vacant Lot"). Until recently, both sites were owned by Avon Capital Corporation and Avon Products, Inc. ("Avon"), which operated on the Property since the late 1950's.

The Property is primarily located in the B-5 "Interchange Office Building" Zoning District and is currently improved with an office building.² The building was initially used as a warehouse and distribution center for Avon, and was later converted into Avon's data center and accompanying office space. This office building has now become vacant.

As discussed in our last meeting with the Council and further detailed in the enclosed memorandum from AKRF, Inc., it is difficult to attract tenants for a straightforward office use in the current Westchester market, which has seen a number of office developments become vacant. For this reason, Petitioner is proposing a Zoning Text Amendment (the "Amendment") to expand the list of permissible uses in the B-5 District. The Amendment will give Petitioner greater flexibility in pursuing new tenants for this underutilized site. It is not anticipated that any of the uses contemplated in the Amendment will require changes to the existing building.

¹ Midland Rye LLC is a Delaware limited liability company licensed to do business in the State of New York, under common control with George Comfort & Sons, Inc.

² A small corner of the site containing a driveway lies within the adjacent R-2 "One-Family" Zoning District.

Petitioner last appeared before the Council at its September 18, 2019 meeting, and was duly referred to the Rye Planning Commission for its review and recommendation. The Commission's review of the proposed Amendment is now complete, and it is our understanding that the Commission's recommendation has been provided to the Council.

Over the course of the Planning Commission's review, Petitioner made a number of revisions to the proposed Amendment. First, the Commission asked that Petitioner look more closely at child-care/daycare uses, which are already permitted as an accessory use in the B-5 District. As a result of the Commission's input, the Amendment was updated to include child-care facilities as a permitted principal use, subject to additional standards and requirements. The revised Amendment would allow for a daycare facility on the Property independent of any other building tenant. This change will provide further flexibility to Petitioner in marketing the Property, and will also provide a potential benefit to the larger community by allowing for new daycare facilities.

Similarly, based on market demand, Petitioner has added finishing and/or assembling of products as a new principal use subject to additional standards and requirements. This use is not industrial in nature, as all materials would be prefabricated elsewhere and assembled on site by a potential tenant. Pursuant to input from the Planning Commission, the Amendment has been further revised include several criteria related to this use to ensure compatibility with the surrounding neighborhood.

Similarly, to accommodate market demand, Petition has also added product testing as a new principal use subject to additional standards and requirements. This use would involve the examination of items that have already been built and would also not be industrial in nature. To ensure proper controls are in place, Petitioner is proposing similar criteria to those developed for product finishing/assembly.

The Planning Commission also requested Petitioner provide parking ratios and supporting rationale for each use. JMC Engineering ("JMC") reviewed relevant parking standards prescribed by the Institute of Transportation Engineers as well as standards in nearby municipalities for the relevant uses. See JMC Parking Memorandum, enclosed herewith. Pursuant to this analysis, the Amendment was revised to include parking ratios that best suit each use. New and revised language was also added to the Amendment to better define the proposed self-storage use, and to clarify that two or more principal uses may be accommodated on the same lot.

Enclosed please find the following materials in support of the petition to the City Council:

- Revised Petition for Amendments to the City of Rye Zoning Ordinance (the "Petition"), dated September 11, 2020, together with the Amendment to the City of Rye Zoning Ordinance and a Planning Study prepared by AKRF, Inc., dated September 3, 2020;
- 2) Redline of the changes made to the Amendment since our last Council appearance;

- 3) Parking Memorandum prepared by JMC, dated September 11, 2020; and
- 4) Revised Full Environmental Assessment Form ("EAF"), prepared by AKRF, Inc., dated September 3, 2020, relating to the proposed changes.³

Please place this matter on the next available City Council agenda to consider setting a public hearing. We look forward to discussing this important matter with you.

Very truly yours,

Steven Wrabel

cc: Greg G. Usry Kristen Wilson, Esq. Christian Miller George Comfort & Sons, Inc. AKRF, Inc. JMC Engineering

³ You will note that because the proposed action is a zoning text amendment only, several sections of the EAF are not required to be filled out. Nevertheless, we have provided as much information as possible for the Council's convenience, in order to better facilitate your review.

Petition for Amendment to City of Rye Zoning Ordinance (with Exhibits)

CITY OF RYE CITY COUNCIL COUNTY OF WESTCHESTER: STATE OF NEW YORK

-----X

-----X

In the Matter of the Petition of

MIDLAND RYE LLC Petitioner,

PETITION FOR AMENDMENT TO CITY OF RYE ZONING ORDINANCE

For Amendment to the City of Rye Zoning Ordinance.

Parcels: 139-20-1-3, 139-20-1-5

TO THE MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF RYE:

PETITIONER, MIDLAND RYE LLC ("Petitioner"), with its principal place of business at 200 Madison Avenue, 26th Floor, New York, New York hereby petitions the City Council of the City of Rye ("Rye") for amendments to the Zoning Ordinance of Rye as follows:

INTRODUCTION

1. Petitioner is a duly formed and existing Delaware limited liability company licensed to do business in the State of New York, with its principal place of business at 200 Madison Avenue, 26th Floor, New York, NY 10016.

2. Petitioner is the owner of a tract of land totaling approximately 18.09 acres of real property, which consist of (a) the 14.84-acre lot identified as 601 Midland Avenue, City of Rye, County of Westchester, State of New York, shown and designated on the City of Rye Tax Map as Tax Parcel 139-20-1-3 (hereinafter referred to as the "Property"); and (b) the 3.25-acre lot identified as 621 Midland Avenue, shown and designated as Tax Parcel 139-20-1-5, which is located north of the Property, between Interstate-95 and Interstate-287, and which is presently unimproved (the "Vacant Lot). Until recently, the Property was used by Avon Capital Corporation and Avon Products, Inc. ("Avon"), who had operated on the Property since the late 1950's.

3. The Property is primarily located in the B-5 "Interchange Office Building" Zoning District. A small corner of the Property, which is improved with a driveway, lies within the adjacent R-2 "One-Family" Zoning District.

4. The Property is a corner lot located on the west side of Midland Avenue and the north side of Peck Avenue. The southernmost parcel, 601 Midland Avenue, is a corner lot with frontage on both Midland Avenue and Peck Avenue. The Property is bordered by Interstate-95 to the north and by the Metro North railroad and I-95 to the west. To the east, across Midland Avenue, are access roads to the highway, as well as offices of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. To the south, across Peck Avenue are the Gables Condominiums.

5. The Property is currently improved with a vacant office building. The building was initially used as a warehouse and distribution center for Avon, and was later converted into Avon's data center and accompanying office space. Consequently, Petitioner is proposing to expand the list permissible uses within the B-5 District, to better utilize the Property.

6. Therefore, Petitioner is hereby requesting that the City Council of Rye amend the Rye Zoning Ordinance to add four (4) new permitted uses in the B-5 Zoning District, specifically medical office, self-storage, daycare/child-care, finishing/assembling of products, and product testing which would each be permitted as uses subject to additional standards and requirements (otherwise referred to as "special exception uses").

PROPOSED TEXT AMENDMENTS TO ZONING ORDINANCE

7. Petitioner respectfully requests the adoption of a Local Law codifying a Zoning Text Amendment consisting of modifications to the Table of Use Regulations for Business Districts to permit medical office, self-storage, daycare/child-care, finishing/assembling of products, and product testing as special exception uses in the B-5 District.

8. A copy of the proposed Local Law for said Zoning Text Amendment is attached hereto and made a part hereof as <u>Exhibit A</u>.

9. The Zoning Text Amendment would not have any adverse impact on the Zoning Ordinance or the City of Rye for several reasons. First, the proposed Zoning Text Amendment will only impact the B-5 District, which affects a very limited number of properties in Rye totaling approximately 32 acres, including lots now owned by the Thruway Authority, which will likely not be impacted by any change in zoning.

2

10. Secondly, the proposed uses would be consistent with other permitted uses in the B-5 District and would not substantially change the character of the Property, which is already developed as a commercial site, and would be consistent with regional trends in the use of commercial development. See Planning Study prepared by AKRF, Inc., dated February 13, 2020, attached hereto as Exhibit B.

11. Moreover, all proposed uses can be accommodated within the existing building on the Property, which was originally designed to house a much more impactful distribution facility for Avon.

12. Finally, in light of the current office market in Westchester, the proposed Zoning Text Amendment will allow Petitioner to better market the Property and make use of the underutilized site, by providing more flexibility in pursuing potential tenants. This will be beneficial to both Petitioner and Rye, as it will help ensure the financial viability of the Property in the future.

13. For all of the foregoing reasons, it is respectfully submitted that the proposed Zoning Ordinance Amendments should be granted.

WHEREFORE, Petitioners respectfully request that the City Council of Rye amend the Zoning Ordinance of Rye as set forth above.

Dated: New York, New York September 11, 2020

> Respectfully submitted, MIDLAND RYE LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By: **MIDLAND RYE JOINT VENTURE LLC,** a Delaware limited liability company

By: GCS MIDLAND LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, its managing member

two 5 Jonan By:

Peter S. Duncan, Manager

EXHIBIT A

PROPOSED ZONING TEXT

CITY COUNCIL CITY OF RYE, NEW YORK

LOCAL LAW NO. ____-2020

A LOCAL LAW TO REVISE THE ZONING ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF RYE

Be it enacted by the City Council of the City of Rye as follows:

Section One. Section 197-1 of the City of Rye Zoning Ordinance shall be amended by adding a new defined term entitled "Self-Storage", which shall state as follows:

SELF-STORAGE

A fully enclosed commercial and/or business establishment providing varying sizes of individual compartmentalized and/or controlled access to stalls or lockers for the storage of business and personal property. Such facilities shall not include warehouse or distribution uses.

Section Two. Section 197-12 of the City of Rye Zoning Ordinance shall be amended by adding a new section .C., which shall state as follows:

C. Nothing shall prohibit two or more principal uses on any one property within the B-5 District, provided all applicable standards and requirements are met pursuant to this Chapter.

Section Three. Section 197-86 of the City of Rye Zoning Ordinance shall be amended by adding new sections (3), (4), (5), (6) and (7) to Table B, Column 2, under the heading "B-5 Interchange Office Building District", which shall state as follows:

- (3) Medical offices for physicians or dentists, exclusive of bed care of patients. Said offices shall comply with all dimensional regulations applicable to office buildings within the B-5 District and shall have a minimum parking requirement of 5.0 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.
- (4) Self-storage, provided the following criteria are met:
 - (a) Signage must comply with all elements of the Rye Sign Ordinance (Chapter 165).
 - (b) Unless expressly provided otherwise, self-storage uses shall comply with all other dimensional requirements applicable to office buildings within the B-5 District.
 - (c) No self-storage use shall exceed 2/3 of the usable floor area of any existing or proposed building within the B-5 District.
 - (d) Self-storage facilities shall not be constructed to appear industrial in nature or out of keeping with the character of the surrounding neighborhood.

- (e) Self-storage facilities shall have a minimum parking requirement of 0.25 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.
- (f) Storage of chemicals in such state and quantities so as to be "reportable" as defined by Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act ("EPCRA"), shall not be permitted, regardless of the number of employees on site.
- (5) Duly licensed daycare and child-care facilities, which shall comply with all dimensional regulations applicable to office buildings within the B-5 District, and shall have a minimum parking requirement of 4.0 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.
- (6) Finishing or assembling of products within a fully enclosed building, provided the following standards are met:
 - (a) Manufacturing shall not be permitted, and any associated machinery shall be incidental to the assembly or finishing of products.
 - (b) Finishing and assembling of products shall not result in any dust, fumes, or offensive noise or vibrations beyond the property boundary of the site on which the use is located.
 - (c) Finishing and/or assembling facilities shall have a minimum parking requirement of 2.0 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.
 - (d) Storage of chemicals in such state and quantities so as to be "reportable" as defined by Section 313 of the EPCRA shall be generally prohibited, regardless of the number of employees on site. The use of one or more chemicals in amounts that are "reportable" may be permitted if it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Planning Commission that such chemicals shall be handled, stored, and disposed of in a manner that is protective of the health and safety of neighboring properties and the environment, inclusive of the sanitary sewer system.
- (7) Testing of products, provided the following standards are met:
 - (a) Manufacturing shall not be permitted, and any associated machinery shall be incidental to the testing of products.
 - (b) Testing of products shall not result in any dust, fumes, or offensive noise or vibrations beyond the property boundary of the site on which the use is located.
 - (c) Testing shall have a minimum parking requirement of 2.0 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.
 - (d) Storage of chemicals in such state and quantities so as to be "reportable" as defined by Section 313 of the EPCRA shall be generally prohibited, regardless of the number of employees on site. The use of one or more chemicals in amounts that are "reportable" may be permitted if it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Planning Commission that such chemicals shall be handled, stored, and disposed of in a manner that is protective of the health and safety of neighboring properties and the environment, inclusive of the sanitary sewer system.

Section Four. If any section, subsection, clause, phrase or other portion of this Local Law is, for any reason, declared invalid, in whole or in part, by any court, agency, commission, legislative body or other authority of competent jurisdiction, such portion shall be deemed a separate distinct and independent portion. Such declaration shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions hereof, which other portions shall continue in full force and effect.

Section Five. This Local Law shall take effect immediately upon filing with the Secretary of State.

EXHIBIT B

AKRF PLANNING STUDY



Environmental, Planning, and Engineering Consultants 34 South Broadway Suite 401 White Plains, NY 10601 tel: 914 949-7336 fax: 914 949-7559 *www.akrf.com*

Memorandum

To:	City of Rye City Council
From:	AKRF, Inc. (Peter Feroe, AICP)
Date:	September 3, 2019; Revised September 3, 2020
Re:	Proposed Zoning Text Amendment

A. INTRODUCTION

AKRF, Inc. ("AKRF") has been retained by Midland Rye LLC, Delaware LLC under common control with George Comfort & Sons, Inc. (the "Applicant"), to prepare a land use, zoning, and public policy analysis for the existing 160,000 square foot (sf) office building located at 601 and 621 Midland Avenue in the City of Rye (the "Project Site"). The Project Site is located in the B-5 Zoning District, "Interchange Office Buildings," and is approximately 18.09 acres. The B-5 district permits, among other uses, hotels, professional offices, and schools. To increase the flexibility of the B-5 Zoning District, and to facilitate the re-tenanting of the existing building, the Applicant is proposing a zoning text amendment to expand the list permissible uses within the B-5 District to include "medical office," "self storage," "finishing or assembling of products," and "testing of products" as "special exception" uses (the "Proposed Action").

The Proposed Action requires a zoning text amendment from the City of Rye's City Council. As such, the Proposed Action is required to comply with the State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA) and its implementing regulations (6 NYCRR Part 617). AKRF understands that, as part of the SEQRA review, the City of Rye (the "City") would like to evaluate the need for medical offices, self-storage facilities, and finishing and assembly uses in context with the Project Site. The Applicant does not have a specific user or tenant fit-out program, and therefore is not pursuing site plan approval at this time.

This memorandum analyzes the consistency of the Proposed Action with applicable policy documents of the City and County, as well as with land-use trends affecting professional office, medical office, self-storage, and finishing and assembly uses in the region.

PROJECT LOCATION AND SITE HISTORY

The Project Site is bounded by Interstate 95 (I-95) to the north, Peck Avenue to the south, Midland Avenue to the east, and the Metro-North railroad tracks to the west. The Project Site is located in a mixed-use area with a neighborhood of low-rise multi-family apartments and townhouses to the south of Peck Avenue, commercial and retail uses to the north, office uses to the west, and transportation uses to the east.

The Project Site is currently improved with an approximately 160,000 sf office building that was formerly owned by the Avon Capital Corporation. The building was constructed as an office and distribution center

in the 1950s, and was initially approved for use by up to 445 employees. Over time, the number of employees increased to a peak of 600. From 2016-2017, the Avon Capital Corporation reduced the number of employees on-site to 500. By the end of 2018, there were approximately 325 employees on the Project Site. AKRF understands that Avon most recently used the Project Site for a mix of professional office, data center, and call center uses. In July 2019, the Applicant purchased the Project Site from the Avon Capital Corporation with the intention of re-tenanting the existing building.

PURPOSE AND NEED

In order to provide flexibility with respect to potential new tenants of the existing building, thereby providing tax certainty to the City, the Applicant is requesting that the City permit medical office, self-storage facilities, finishing and product assembly uses, and product testing *in addition to* the currently permitted office use. As described in more detail below, the demand for stand-alone office space in Westchester County peaked in the 1980s and has experienced a steep decline since that time. Many former stand-alone office buildings or corporate parks have experienced significant, and sometimes complete, vacancies. As these buildings or office parks have become underutilized, the assessed value, and subsequently the property taxes generated, have also decreased, sometimes significantly. Given the continuing decline in demand for stand-alone office buildings, it has become increasingly difficult to retenant vacant office buildings with traditional office users. In order to return vacant office buildings or corporate parks the assessed value and the property taxes generated by a site—many communities have found it necessary to expand the range of uses permitted on these sites. By increasing the number of permitted uses on these formerly office-only sites, communities have been able to attract new investment, realize increased assessed value of these sites, and collect increased property tax revenue from these sites.

Therefore, the Applicant is requesting that the City expand the uses permitted on the Project Site, in a carefully controlled manner, in order to return the Site to productive use and to provide the City of Rye with stable property tax payments into the future.

FISCAL CONSIDERATIONS

The Project Site is comprised of two parcels: 601 Midland Avenue, a 14.84-acre parcel that is improved with an existing office building and parking lots; and, 601 Midland Avenue, a 3.25-acre unimproved parcel bounded by the ramps to I-287 and I-95 to the north and south and the Metro North Railroad tracks to the west. The two parcels have a combined assessed value (2019) of \$592,513, which translates into an estimated full market value of \$37.98 million¹ (see **Table 1**). Based on this assessed value, the two parcels generate approximately \$639,979 in property taxes per year to various taxing jurisdictions, including approximately \$104,733 to the City of Rye and \$379,398 to the Rye School District.

In 2019, the Applicant purchased the Project Site for approximately \$23.1 million. Based on the City's 2019 equalization rate, a full market value of \$23.1 million is equal to an assessed value of \$360,360 – approximately 39 percent less than the Site's current assessed value. If the Project Site's assessment were based on the purchase price, the property taxes generated by the Site would similarly be approximately 39 percent lower than what the Site currently generates (see **Table 1**). The Applicant has filed a tax certiorari proceeding requesting that the Site's assessed value be modified to more closely reflect the purchase price.

¹ The 2019 equalization rate for the City of Rye is 1.56%.

		2019 Assessed Value (\$592,513)			Assessed Value at Purchase Price of \$23.1 million (\$360,360)		
	Tax Rate per \$1,000	601 Midland	621 Midland	Total	601 Midland	621 Midland	Total
City of Rye	\$176.76	\$94,917	\$9,815	\$104,733	\$57,728	\$5,969	\$63,697
County	\$207.88	\$111,628	\$11,543	\$123,172	\$67,891	\$7,020	\$74,912
Rye City School District	\$640.32	\$343,842	\$35,556	\$379,398	\$209,121	\$21,625	\$230,746
County Refuse Disposal District #1	\$17.57	\$9,435	\$976	\$10,410	\$5,738	\$593	\$6,332
Blind Brook County Sewer District	\$37.58	\$20,180	\$2,087	\$22,267	\$12,273	\$1,269	\$13,542
Total	\$1,080.11	\$580,003	\$59,976	\$639,979	\$352,751	\$36,477	\$389,228

Table 1Project Site Property Taxes

B. CONSISTENCY WITH PUBLIC POLICY

CITY OF RYE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

The *City of Rye 1985 Development Plan* ("the Plan") is the comprehensive master plan of record. The City initiated the process of updating its comprehensive plan in 2017, but this document is not yet available.

The *Plan*, which documents the development pressures and economic trends of the 1980s, notes the trend towards corporate office buildings and corporate parks. The *Plan* identifies Midland Avenue, and the Project Site specifically, as one of two areas within the City where office buildings are concentrated and that have access to I-95. The Avon building is identified as a "notable development" that has the permission to expand to a maximum of 967,000 sf through a three phased development plan. At full build-out, the Avon building was projected to have a total of 2,000 workers and 2,400 vehicles arriving and departing. However, Phases II and III were never constructed.

The Plan sets forth a number of goals and policies to guide future development within the City of Rye. Specific to the Business Development (BD) Districts and the Project Site, the Plan establishes the following goal:

Maintain the City's existing economic base without making substantial changes in scale. (pg. 27)

To implement this goal, the Plan sets forth the following policy:

Limit retail uses outside the CBD [Central Business District] *to neighborhood business areas in order to preserve the residential integrity of the neighborhood and the retail strength of the CBD*. (pg. 27)

The Proposed Action, which would facilitate the adaptive reuse of an existing office building, is consistent with both this goal and policy. The Proposed Action would increase the flexibility of the future use of the Project Site. The Proposed Action would expand the permitted uses within the B-5 Zoning District, which would enhance the ability to adaptively reuse the existing office building and keep development consistent with its current scale. In fact, should the existing building be re-occupied with a new use, it would be significantly smaller than the Avon building envisioned in the 1985 *Plan*. The proposed medical office, self-storage, and product finishing, assembling and testing uses are not traditional downtown uses, such as retail or restaurant. As such, they are not anticipated to compete with the CBD and would not adversely affect its strength. Therefore, the Proposed Action would be consistent with the goals and policies of the *Plan*.

CITY OF RYE LOCAL WATERFRONT REVITALIZATION PROGRAM

The City of Rye adopted its Local Waterfront Revitalization Plan (LWRP) in June 1991. In the vicinity of the Project Site, the landward boundary of the LWRP follows Midland Avenue north to Grace Church Street, and then follows Grace Church Street into Port Chester. Therefore, the Project Site does not fall within the boundary of the LWRP.

PATTERNS FOR WESTCHESTER

In 1996, the Westchester County Planning Board developed and published a document entitled *Patterns for Westchester: The Land and the People.* This document provides a general policy framework for Westchester County's review of local applications and major development proposals, defined as 50,000 or more sf of commercial floor area, or 25 or more housing units. *Patterns for Westchester* sets forth general policies for Westchester County's involvement in local and regional land use planning. It recommends strategies to balance economic growth with a sound environment by directing growth to centers, reinventing developed corridors as multiuse places, and factoring open space elements into the development process.

Patterns documented that during the late 1980s vacancy rates for traditional office and commercial space increased, eroding the tax base and weakening the construction industry. One of the strategies identified in the *Patterns* document is for municipalities to, "permit new uses in underutilized office buildings." The Proposed Action is consistent with this strategy as it proposes new uses within the B-5 Zoning District to facilitate the repurposing of an existing underutilized office building.

WESTCHESTER 2025

Westchester 2025 is a countywide planning effort that emphasizes the importance of regional planning and makes planning resources accessible to communities and their residents. As part of that effort, the 2025 Context for County and Municipal Planning and Policies to Guide County Planning (the "Context") was adopted by the Westchester County Planning Board in 2008 and amended in 2010. This document replaces and updates the "Assumptions and Policies" section of *Patterns for Westchester* with new principles and policies for development in Westchester County.

The 2025 *Context* notes that greenfield development, "is a shrinking component of new construction" and that, "the future of development in Westchester will be found in redevelopment." The *Context* recommends that development be channeled to existing community centers and should be "consistent with defined community character." Consistent with the *Context*, the Proposed Action would facilitate the repurposing of an existing underutilized office building with convenient access to multiple modes of transportation, and within an existing business area. By facilitating adaptive reuse of existing structures, the Proposed Action would preserve existing community character.

C. LAND-USE TRENDS

PROFESSIONAL OFFICE

The demand for professional office space in a corporate park setting has declined since its peak in the 1980s. This trend is evidenced by the repurposing and redevelopment of corporate office buildings throughout Westchester County, and most notably the "Platinum Mile" in nearby Harrison, NY. In 2017, Commercial Real Estate Services ("CBRE") reported that the number of office buildings in Westchester County severely decreased over the past decade. Specifically, office space decreased from 33,202,550 sf (282 buildings) in 2011 to 27,911,304 sf (208 buildings) in 2017. In total, Westchester County office inventory dropped 16%, equivalent to a loss of 5,291,246 sf or approximately 74 buildings.²

The decrease in demand for traditional corporate office space has been attributed to millennial influence on the workplace setting. There is a rising demand for more dynamic, fluid, and interactive workspaces as

² Cuddy, William. "Westchester County Market Overview and Development Trends." Alfred B. DelBello Land Use and Sustainable Development Conference, 7 Dec 2017, Pace University, White Plains, NY.

today's workers prefer collaborative spaces, transparency, and freedom of choice.³ In terms of space, this means a more open floorplan with shared spaces and fewer dedicated offices.⁴ As a result of this trend, the amount of office space per worker dropped 8% in the United States from 2009 to 2018, and 6% in Westchester County during the same period.⁵

There is also strong demand for office space that is near public transportation, as it creates better access to quality labor and a broader demographic pool of employees. Transit-oriented developments (TODs) have attracted corporations away from traditional office parks and into central business districts. According to CBRE, as reported in the *Westchester Business Journal Daily Voice Plus*, some office tenants relocating to TODs have been able to shrink their footprints even though their employee counts have remained the same or increased. Transit access, combined with lower space needs per employee, have contributed to the trend away from traditional isolated office buildings and instead towards TOD. This trend towards TOD is projected to continue and to increase going forward.⁶

These changing workplace trends have influenced the corporate office market, and jeopardized the future of some corporate office buildings due to size, location, and demand. In Westchester County, this trend has resulted in standalone office buildings either being converted or demolished to develop new uses, while office buildings within downtown core areas, such as White Plains, have continued to attract tenants due to their proximity to public transportation and services. This is reflected in office vacancy rates—southern Westchester has a vacancy rate of 8.8%, whereas northern Westchester has a vacancy rate of 21.2%.⁷

The removal of some of these older, standalone office buildings from the existing office stock has helped to improve the overall office market in Westchester County. As reported in Westchester Magazine, the repurposing of obsolete office properties has affected supply and demand. Major conversions underway in 2019 include the former IBM campus in Somers, two Harrison Platinum Mile buildings (104 Corporate Park Drive and 3 Westchester Park Drive), and 900 King Street in Rye Brook. The repurposing of these and other properties reduced the Westchester office space inventory from 32 million sf to 26.7 million sf, and helped to lower the overall vacancy rate to 16.5%.⁸

The trend towards flexible workspaces close to public transportation and the downtown core contributed to the decline and increased vacancy rates of the Platinum Mile. To address the underutilization and deterioration of office park properties along the Platinum Mile, the Town of Harrison updated its comprehensive plan to establish a new vision that meets current real estate needs. A driving factor in this effort was the preservation of the tax base created by corporate office development. To meet these needs, the Town is considering a new SB-MX (mixed-use) Zoning District to permit new land uses and increase flexibility. The new Zoning District would utilize special use permits to give the Town additional oversight in the development review process.

Based on the above data, demand for standalone office buildings like the Avon building is decreasing. This is due to evolving market trends, office space needs, work styles, and transit access. The Proposed Action, which would increase the flexibility of the B-5 Zoning District, would facilitate the repurposing an existing

³ Cuddy, William. "Westchester County Market Overview and Development Trends." Alfred B. DelBello Land Use and Sustainable Development Conference, 7 Dec 2017, Pace University, White Plains, NY.

⁴ CBRE Research. "Solving for the Future with Agility, Americas Occupier Survey Report." 2018.

⁵ Cushman & Wakefield. "Space Matters, Key Office Trends and Metrics for US Occupiers." Spring 2018.

⁶ Katz, Peter. "Reports Show Westchester Office Market Trending Up." *Westchester Business Journal Daily Voice Plus*, April 12, 2019.

⁷ Donelson, Dave. "Development Boom Strengthens commercial Real Estate Market." *Westchester Magazine*, Q2 2019.

⁸ Donelson, Dave. "Development Boom Strengthens commercial Real Estate Market." *Westchester Magazine*, Q2 2019.

and underutilized office building. The existing office building does not meet the needs of the current corporate office market due to its location, size, and floorplate. It is not located in a central business district. Although it is within 0.5 miles of the Rye Metro-North Station, the site is isolated from other amenities that characterize a TOD. Best access to the Project Site is from I-95, which is desirable for potential self storage and medical office uses. The reuse of this building would help preserve the commercial tax base within the City of Rye, without adding new structures or altering community character.

ADAPTIVE REUSE - MEDICAL OFFICE

While traditional corporate office space has declined over the last decade, the need for medical office has increased. As reported in Westchester Magazine, this trend is evident in Westchester County where healthcare companies have torn down or repurposed vacant office buildings to meet the specific needs of the healthcare industry. In Westchester, this trend is driven by the migration of major hospitals to the County and the County's aging population. Healthcare companies expanding in Westchester County include WESTMED, CareMount Medical (formerly Mount Kisco Medical Group), Montefiore Medical Center, and ENT and Allergy Associates. There is high demand for spaces that can provide ambulatory care where services are delivered on an outpatient basis. These services can be provided in healthcare facilities that are easily accessible to intergenerational users, such as repurposed office parks and even retail centers. Medical office space also requires adequate and easily accessible parking, generally at ratios higher than traditional office space. These parking needs can be accommodated in traditional office park locations where there is a greater amount of land than in central business districts.⁹

In a 2017 report on medical office buildings, CBRE stated that the, "absorption of medical office space has outpaced completions of new supply for the past seven years, driving steady decreases in the national vacancy rate, which was 8% as of the first quarter of 2017."¹⁰ In Westchester County specifically, William Cuddy of CBRE reported that 2,113,952 sf of office space was repurposed for medical office use between 2001 and 2017. These buildings were predominately located along the I-287 corridor in former office park locations.¹¹

As reported in Westchester Magazine, Cornell University projects that Westchester's 65-and-older population grow at, "nearly four times the rate of the total population from 2010-2025," and is the largest consumer of healthcare.¹² It is worth noting that this specific population bracket accounts for the highest per-capita health care spending overall, and that the precipitous increase of the 65-and-older population and their anticipated need for in-office physician services, signals a continued rising need for medical office space.¹³

The Proposed Action is consistent with the above trends, as it would facilitate the transitioning of former office space to medical office use. The Project Site location, with easy access to I-95 and the Rye Metro-North Station, is well suited for medical office use. While a site plan has not been developed as tenants have not been secured, it is presumed that the building would ultimately contain a mix of permitted uses. As such, the higher parking needs of medical office space could be balanced by the lower parking needs of a potential self-storage use.

⁹ Donelson, Dave. "Healthcare Generates Big Demand for Westchester Commercial Real Estate – Medical Tenants are Prescribing More Space." *Westchester Magazine*, Q3 2014.

¹⁰ CBRE Research. "U.S Medical Office Buildings – a Cure for Market Vitality." August 2017.

¹¹ Cuddy, William. "Westchester County Market Overview and Development Trends." Alfred B. DelBello Land Use and Sustainable Development Conference, 7 Dec 2017, Pace University, White Plains, NY.

¹² Donelson, Dave. "Healthcare Generates Big Demand for Westchester Commercial Real Estate – Medical Tenants are Prescribing More Space." Westchester Magazine, Q3 2014.

¹³ CBRE Research. "U.S Medical Office Buildings – a Cure for Market Vitality." August 2017.

ADAPTIVE REUSE - SELF-STORAGE FACILITIES

Self-storage facilities are a growing \$39 billion industry with an annual growth of 3.1%.¹⁴ Vacancy rates for self-storage in the New York-Newark-Jersey City mega market have fallen for three consecutive years, reaching 6 percent in 2019.¹⁵ According to IBIS World, demand for self-storage facilities is typically from households that rent rather than own their residences. However, as disposable income rises and homeowners purchase more items, demand for self-storage increases from this demographic as well.¹⁶ County Executive George Latimer's office estimated in 2019 that 16,000 new rental units were under construction or planned for Westchester in the near future. This represents an 11% increase from 2017, and this growing rental market supports the demand for new self-storage facilities.¹⁷ In Rye, a 95-unit luxury condominium development for active adults age 55 and over is under development. This, and similar developments geared towards downsizers in the luxury market within Rye, also support the demand for new self-storage facilities.¹⁸

Another market that is driving the need for self-storage space is growing small businesses. Private businesses comprise 19% of customers at a typical storage complex. As businesses expand, or relocate to smaller footprint offices in the central business district, self-storage facilities offer a cost-effective option compared to office or retail rents. Businesses use these facilities to house items such as excess inventory or records.¹⁹ With office vacancy rates decreasing and rental rates rising in central business districts in Westchester,²⁰ the adaptive re-use of suburban office space by businesses for self-storage fills the vacancy left by the relocating office tenant and is a cost effective solution for their storage needs.

In terms of re-purposing spaces for self-storage use, vacant office park properties are the sites most readily available in Westchester. There is very little industrial or warehouse space within Westchester County, and the demand for this space is being driven up by industrial tenants relocating from the Bronx. Supply is further restricted by the loss of industrial inventory due to multi-family conversions in prime locations within the County.²¹ Therefore, the Proposed Action would meet current market needs by adding self-storage as a new use within the B-5 Zoning District, and permit the potential conversion of existing and underutilized office space to self-storage use.

AKRF identified two self-storage uses within the Town of Rye and obtained their 2019 assessed value and estimated building size. (The Town of Rye was chosen as the City of Rye does not currently contain a self-storage use.) As shown in **Table 2**, the two self-storage uses identified in the Town of Rye have assessed values of between \$102 per square foot and \$123 per square foot. While the Applicant is not proposing a self-storage use of the same kind evaluated in the Town (i.e., "Westy's,") it is reasonable to assume that a self-storage use on the Project Site could result in a similar, or greater, per square foot assessed value as the facilities in the Town of Rye.

²¹ Greenberg, Howard. "Westchester Commercial Real Estate Market is Healthier than It Has Been in Decades." *Westchester Business Journal Daily Voice Plus*, August 5, 2019.

¹⁴ IBIS World. "Storage & Warehouse Leasing Industry in the US – Market Research Report." July 2019.

¹⁵ Marcus & Millichap. "2019 Self-Storage U.S. Investment Forecast." 2019.

¹⁶ IBIS World. "Storage & Warehouse Leasing Industry in the US – Market Research Report." July 2019.

¹⁷ Donelson, Dave. "Development Boom Strengthens commercial Real Estate Market." *Westchester Magazine*, Q2 2019.

¹⁸ Matsuda, Akiko. "St. Regis Residences Draws Empty-Nesters Seeking Luxury Living and a Downsized Lifestyle." LoHud, July 8, 2019.

¹⁹ Marcus & Millichap. "2019 Self-Storage U.S. Investment Forecast." 2019.

²⁰ Greenberg, Howard. "Westchester Commercial Real Estate Market is Healthier than It Has Been in Decades." Westchester Business Journal Daily Voice Plus, August 5, 2019.

	Sen-Storage and Office Assessed value					
Name-Address	Tax Lot	Acreage (approximate)	2019 Assessed Value	Building GSF (approximate)	Assessed Value per GSF	
Westy's						
251 N. Main Street, Port Chester	136.80-1-4	1.54 ac	\$15,432,700	125,000 sf	\$123.46	
Westy's						
299 Boston Post Road, PC	142.45-1-11	1.8 ac	\$14,812,400	145,000 sf	\$102.15	
Notes: Town of Rye assesses property at 100% of market value.						
Sources: 2019 Town of Rye Assessment Roll; Town of Rye GIS for storage building sizes						

Table 2Self-Storage and Office Assessed Value

ADAPTIVE REUSE – FINISHING AND PRODUCT ASSEMBLY FACILITIES

Finishing and product assembly is often the last step before project delivery, but perhaps the most timeand quality sensitive. This process can be separate from the manufacturing and production of materials and often relies on highly skilled labor, technical expertise, and advanced machinery to ensure that product quality and custom designs can be made to order. The impacts of this use, therefore, are often considerably less than traditional manufacturing uses. In fact, the special permit standards proposed by the Applicant would prohibit any use from resulting in dust, fumes, or offensive noise or vibrations beyond the Project Site. As proposed, all uses would be conducted within enclosed facilities and would not cause a nuisance to other proximate uses. An example of this use, while not necessarily one that the Applicant is contemplating, is custom computer assembly. In this example, computer parts, including cases, screens, keyboards, hard drives, processors, graphic cards, etc., would be stored at the Site and assembled into a finished computer system based on a unique consumer order.

While the Applicant is not proposing to locate manufacturing uses on the Site, nor would the Proposed Zoning permit manufacturing uses, the finishing and assembling of products use proposed is intimately related to manufacturing uses. As stated in Westchester Magazine, "even though Westchester has not been a hotbed of manufacturing for decades, a surprising number of companies in several industries are managing to grow in the County by creating highly specialized, high-return niche products that sell around the world."²² Food manufacturing, computer and electronic product manufacturing, and fabricated metal product manufacturing are among the top manufacturing industries that employ thousands of workers in Westchester County today.²³ Locating a facility that can provide finishing and assembly services for these and other products, that is both close to the manufacturer and close to the consumer, could represent a competitive advantage.

Another important factor in locating assembly and finishing operations is access to skilled labor, which is increasingly important to the final assembly of many modern products. In this respect, the Project Site benefits from being located within a County that has a highly skilled workforce—49.1 percent of Westchester's population has a Bachelor's degree compared to 37.2 percent within the State as a whole and 32.6 percent in the country as a whole.²⁴

As previously described, the demand for stand-alone office buildings is declining in Westchester. However, the supply of quasi-industrial and production spaces has had trouble keeping up with growing demand in the County. This fact, when combined with the trends described above, indicates that allowing the assembly or finishing of products on the Project Site would meet current market needs and allow the potential conversion of existing and underutilized office space on the Project Site into a productive use.

²² Donelson, Dave. "Westchester Manufacturers Are Navigating to Success." *Westchester Magazine*.

²³ Donelson, Dave. "Westchester Manufacturers Are Navigating to Success." Westchester Magazine.

²⁴ 2018 American Community Survey. U.S. Census.

ADAPTIVE REUSE – PRODUCT TESTING FACILITIES

As with the finishing and assembly use described above, the proposed "testing of products" use is separate from the manufacturing and production of materials and would rely on skilled labor, technical expertise, and specialty tools and machinery. Therefore, the impacts of the "testing" use would be considerably less than traditional manufacturing uses. In order to further minimize the potential for impacts from this use, the Applicant proposes the same special permit standards for the "testing" use as the "finishing and assembly" use, which standards would prohibit the use from resulting in dust, fumes, or offensive noise or vibrations beyond the Project Site. Therefore, the proposed "testing of products" use, as is the case with the finishing and assembling use, is a low-impact use that could allow the conversion of the existing underutilized office space on the Project Site into a productive use.

D. CONCLUSION

Although corporate office buildings on Westchester's Platinum Mile and Westchester Avenue have declined over the past two decades, the affected communities have been able to adapt and preserve their tax base by permitting the re-purposing or adaptive reuse of these properties. The Proposed Action would build on this trend by updating the zoning text to permit medical office, self-storage uses, and the finishing, assembling, or testing or products—uses that are in demand. This zoning text change would facilitate the adaptive reuse of underutilized office buildings in the B-5 Zoning District, such as the former Avon building. Adaptive reuse of vacant and underutilized office space is consistent with the City of Rye's comprehensive plan, as well as Westchester County's 2025 Context for County and Municipal Planning and Policies to Guide County Planning. By amending the current B-5 Zoning District to include medical office, self-storage uses, and the finishing, assembling, or testing of products, the Proposed Action would enable contextual reuse of existing building stock and would help sustain the City's commercial tax base.

Local Law redline

CITY COUNCIL CITY OF RYE, NEW YORK

LOCAL LAW NO. ____-20192020

A LOCAL LAW TO REVISE THE ZONING ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF RYE

Be it enacted by the City Council of the City of Rye as follows:

Section One. Section 197-1 of the City of Rye Zoning Ordinance shall be amended by adding a new defined term entitled "Personal-Self-Storage", which shall state as follows:

PERSONAL SELF-STORAGE

A fully enclosed commercial and/or business establishment providing varying sizes of individual compartmentalized and/or controlled access to stalls or lockers for the storage of <u>business and personal property</u> individual vehicles and business, recreation, and/or household goods. Such facilities shall not include warehouse or distribution uses.

Section Two. Section 197-28.A of the City of Rye Zoning Ordinance shall be amended by adding a new use to the Schedule of Off Street Parking Requirements, as follows:

A. Schedule of parking requirements. Off-street automobile parking facilities shall be provided as follows:

Number of Spaces per Unit (by Parking District)							
Use	A	B	e	Unit of			
				Measurement			
				and Conditions			
Personal	1	1	4	100 storage			
Storage				units			

Section Two. Section 197-12 of the City of Rye Zoning Ordinance shall be amended by adding a new section .C., which shall state as follows:

C. Nothing shall prohibit two or more principal uses on any one property within the B-5 District, provided all applicable standards and requirements are met pursuant to this Chapter.

Section Three. Section 197-86 of the City of Rye Zoning Ordinance shall be amended by adding new sections (3), (4), (5), (6) and (7) to Table B, Column 2, under the heading "B-5 Interchange Office Building District", which shall state as follows:

- (3) Medical offices for physicians or dentists, exclusive of bed care of patients. Said offices shall comply with all dimensional regulations applicable to office buildings within the B-5 District and shall have a minimum parking requirement of 5.0 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.
- (4) <u>Personal-Self-</u>storage, provided the following criteria are met:
 - (a) Signage must comply with all elements of the Rye Sign Ordinance (Chapter 165).
 - (b) Unless expressly provided otherwise, <u>personal self</u>-storage uses shall comply with all other dimensional requirements applicable to office buildings within the B-5 District.
 - (c) No self-storage use shall exceed 2/3 of the usable floor area of any existing or proposed building within the B-5 District.
 - (d) Self-storage facilities shall not be constructed to appear industrial in nature or out of keeping with the character of the surrounding neighborhood.
 - (e) Self-storage facilities shall have a minimum parking requirement of 0.25 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.
 - (f) Storage of chemicals in such state and quantities so as to be "reportable" as defined by Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act ("EPCRA"), shall not be permitted, regardless of the number of employees on site.
- (5) Duly licensed daycare and child-care facilities, which shall comply with all dimensional regulations applicable to office buildings within the B-5 District, and shall have a minimum parking requirement of 4.0 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.
- (6) Finishing or assembling of products within a fully enclosed building, provided the following standards are met:
 - (a) Manufacturing shall not be permitted, and any associated machinery shall be incidental to the assembly or finishing of products.
 - (b) Finishing and assembling of products shall not result in any dust, fumes, or offensive noise or vibrations beyond the property boundary of the site on which the use is located.
 - (c) Finishing and/or assembling facilities shall have a minimum parking requirement of 2.0 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.
 - (d) Storage of chemicals in such state and quantities so as to be "reportable" as defined by Section 313 of the EPCRA shall be generally prohibited, regardless of the number of employees on site. The use of one or more chemicals in amounts that are "reportable" may be permitted if it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Planning Commission that such chemicals shall be handled, stored, and disposed of in a manner that is protective of the health and safety of neighboring properties and the environment, inclusive of the sanitary sewer system.
- (7) Testing of products, provided the following standards are met:
 - (a) Manufacturing shall not be permitted, and any associated machinery shall be incidental to the testing of products.
 - (b) Testing of products shall not result in any dust, fumes, or offensive noise or vibrations beyond the property boundary of the site on which the use is located.

- (c) Testing shall have a minimum parking requirement of 2.0 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.
- (d) Storage of chemicals in such state and quantities so as to be "reportable" as defined by Section 313 of the EPCRA shall be generally prohibited, regardless of the number of employees on site. The use of one or more chemicals in amounts that are "reportable" may be permitted if it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Planning Commission that such chemicals shall be handled, stored, and disposed of in a manner that is protective of the health and safety of neighboring properties and the environment, inclusive of the sanitary sewer system.

Section Four. If any section, subsection, clause, phrase or other portion of this Local Law is, for any reason, declared invalid, in whole or in part, by any court, agency, commission, legislative body or other authority of competent jurisdiction, such portion shall be deemed a separate distinct and independent portion. Such declaration shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions hereof, which other portions shall continue in full force and effect.

Section Five. This Local Law shall take effect immediately upon filing with the Secretary of State.

JMC memo



Site Planning Civil Engineering Landscape Architecture Land Surveying Transportation Engineering Environmental Studies Entitlements Construction Services 3D Visualization Laser Scanning

MEMORANDUM

DATE: September 11, 2020

TO: Hon. Mayor Josh Cohn and Members of the City of Rye Council

- FROM James Ryan, RLA, JMC Marc Petroro, PE, PTOE, JMC
- RE: JMC Project 19109 Proposed Redevelopment 601 & 621 Midland Avenue City of Rye, New York

Recommended Parking Requirements

We have prepared this memorandum to provide a recommendation for off-street parking requirements within the City of Rye for the proposed land uses for the above mentioned redevelopment that contain no or limited information in the city zoning ordinance. The City of Rye Zoning Code does not specify a definition or provide off-street parking requirements for day care centers and is limited in the requirements provided for an office for physicians and dentists. Section 197-28 of the Code specifies 4 spaces per each doctor in practice on the site on the first floor and 2 spaces per each doctor in practice on the site on other floors in Parking District A (Core Central Business District), 2 spaces per each doctor in practice on the site in Parking District B (Peripheral Central Business District), and at least 4 spaces per each doctor in practice on the site in Parking District C (Remainder of City of Rye) for an office for physicians and dentists. The information presented on parking generation rates is based on industry standards as well as nearby communities within Westchester County.

Parking Generation:

The Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) publication, "Parking Generation Manual, 5th Edition", dated January 2019, presents data and information to assist in forecasting parking demand by time of day on a specific day of the week, at a specific land use. ITE provides data on the 85th percentile parking demand ratio for each specific land use code. The 85th percentile parking demand represents the point at which 85 percent of the studied parking demands fall at or below. Parking requirements have also been presented below from the City of Yonkers, City of White Plains and the Town of Greenburgh.

JMC Planning Engineering Landscape Architecture & Land Surveying, PLLC | JMC Site Development Consultants, LLC

Medical-dental office building (ITE Land Use Code 720) is defined by ITE as a facility that provides diagnoses and outpatient care on a routine basis but is unable to provide prolonged in-house medical and surgical care. One or more private physicians or dentists generally operate this type of facility. The 85th percentile parking demand ratio provided by ITE is 4.59 and 1.12 spaces per 1,000 square feet for a weekday and Saturday, respectively. The City of Yonkers, City of White Plains, and Town of Greenburgh require 5.0 spaces per 1,000 square feet of GFA for medical offices.

Self-storage (ITE Land Use 151) is defined by ITE as a building in which a number of storage units or vaults are rented for the storage of goods. The 85th percentile parking demand ratio provided by ITE is 0.25 and 0.14 spaces per 1,000 square feet for a weekday and Saturday, respectively. The City of Yonkers requires I parking space for the office plus 0.13 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area (GFA). The Town of Greenburgh requires 10 spaces or 0.20 spaces per 1,000 square feet of GFA, whichever is greater.

Day care center (ITE Land Use Code 565) is defined by ITE as a facility where care for pre-school age children is provided, normally during the daytime hours. Day care facilities generally include classrooms, offices, eating areas, and playgrounds. Some centers also provide after-school care for school-age children. The 85th percentile parking demand ratio provided by ITE for a weekday is 3.74 spaces per 1,000 square feet or 1.78 spaces per employee or 0.34 spaces per student. The City of Yonkers requires I space per employee, plus I space per each facility vehicle, plus 0.05 spaces per student; the City of White Plains requires 1.0 space per 1,000 square feet of gross GFA; and the Town of Greenburgh requires I space per employee, plus I space per each facility vehicle, plus 0.20 spaces per student.

Finishing or assembling use is categorized as a general light industrial use by ITE. ITE defines general light industrial (ITE Land Use 110) as a facility having an emphasis on activities other than manufacturing and typically has minimal office space. The 85th percentile parking demand ratio provided by ITE is 1.94 spaces per 1,000 square feet for a weekday.

Product testing use is categorized as a general light industrial use by ITE. ITE defines general light industrial (ITE Land Use 110) as a facility having an emphasis on activities other than manufacturing and typically has minimal office space. The 85th percentile parking demand ratio provided by ITE is 1.94 spaces per 1,000 square feet for a weekday.

Conclusion:

Based upon the information published by ITE and the current parking requirements in other nearby Westchester communities, our office recommends the following parking ratios. We recommend 5.0 spaces per 1,000 square feet of GFA for a medical office. We recommend 0.25 spaces per 1,000 square feet of GFA for a self-storage. We recommend 4.0 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of GFA for a day-care center. We recommend 2.0 spaces per 1,000 square feet of GFA for a finishing or assembling use. We recommend 2.0 spaces per 1,000 square feet of GFA for a product testing use.

P:\2019\19109\ADMIN\meCohn 2020-09-11.docx

Full EAF

Full Environmental Assessment Form Part 1 - Project and Setting

Instructions for Completing Part 1

Part 1 is to be completed by the applicant or project sponsor. Responses become part of the application for approval or funding, are subject to public review, and may be subject to further verification.

Complete Part 1 based on information currently available. If additional research or investigation would be needed to fully respond to any item, please answer as thoroughly as possible based on current information; indicate whether missing information does not exist, or is not reasonably available to the sponsor; and, when possible, generally describe work or studies which would be necessary to update or fully develop that information.

Applicants/sponsors must complete all items in Sections A & B. In Sections C, D & E, most items contain an initial question that must be answered either "Yes" or "No". If the answer to the initial question is "Yes", complete the sub-questions that follow. If the answer to the initial question is "No", proceed to the next question. Section F allows the project sponsor to identify and attach any additional information. Section G requires the name and signature of the applicant or project sponsor to verify that the information contained in Part 1 is accurate and complete.

A. Project and Applicant/Sponsor Information.

Name of Action or Project:			
Proposed Zoning Text Amendment			
Project Location (describe, and attach a general location map):			
601 and 621 Midland Ave, Rye, NY 10580.			
Brief Description of Proposed Action (include purpose or need):			
The Applicant is proposing a zoning text amendment to expand the list permissible uses within the B-5 District to include "medical office", "self storage," "finishing or assembling of products," and "testing of products" as "special exception" uses (the "Proposed Action"). The Proposed Action would facilitate the adaptive reuse of an existing 160,000 square foot (sf) office building located at 601 and 621 Midland Avenue in the City of Rye (the "Project Site"). The Project Site is located in the B-5 Zoning District, "Interchange Office Buildings," and is approximately 18.09 acres.			
The Proposed Action requires a zoning text amendment from the City of Rye's City Council. A State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA) and its implementing regulations (6 NYCR therefore is not pursuing site plan approval at this time.			
Name of Applicant/Sponsor:	pplicant/Sponsor: Telephone: (212) 481-1137		
Midland Rye LLC	nd Rye LLC E-Mail: pduncan@gcomfort.com		
Address: c/o George Comfort & Sons, Inc., 200 Madison Avenue, 26th Floor			
City/PO: New York	State: NY	Zip Code: 10016	
Project Contact (if not same as sponsor; give name and title/role):	Telephone:	1	
	E-Mail:		
Address:			
City/PO:	State:	Zip Code:	
Property Owner (if not same as sponsor):	Telephone:		
	E-Mail:		
Address:			
City/PO:	State:	Zip Code:	

B. Government Approvals

B. Government Approvals, Funding, or Sponsorship. ("Funding" includes grants, loans, tax relief, and any other forms of financial assistance.)			
Government Entity	If Yes: Identify Agency and Approval(s) Required	Application Date (Actual or projected)	
a. City Counsel, Town Board, ☑Yes□No or Village Board of Trustees	City of Rye City Council - zoning amendment for special exceptions in the B-5 zoning district.	Fall 2019	
b. City, Town or Village ✓Yes No Planning Board or Commission	Zoning petition referral	Fall 2019	
c. City, Town or ☐Yes☑No Village Zoning Board of Appeals			
d. Other local agencies □Yes☑No			
e. County agencies ☐Yes☐No	239-m referral	TBD	
f. Regional agencies Yes			
g. State agencies □Yes☑No			
h. Federal agencies			
i. Coastal Resources. <i>i</i> . Is the project site within a Coastal Area, o	r the waterfront area of a Designated Inland W	Vaterway? 🗖 Yes 🗖 No	
<i>ii.</i> Is the project site located in a community with an approved Local Waterfront Revitalization Program? <i>iii.</i> Is the project site within a Coastal Erosion Hazard Area?			

C. Planning and Zoning

C.1. Planning and zoning actions.	
 Will administrative or legislative adoption, or amendment of a plan, local law, ordinance, rule or regulation be the only approval(s) which must be granted to enable the proposed action to proceed? If Yes, complete sections C, F and G. If No, proceed to question C.2 and complete all remaining sections and questions in Part 1 	☑ Yes □No
C.2. Adopted land use plans.	
a. Do any municipally- adopted (city, town, village or county) comprehensive land use plan(s) include the site where the proposed action would be located?	∠ Yes⊡No
If Yes, does the comprehensive plan include specific recommendations for the site where the proposed action would be located?	ℤ Yes □ No
 b. Is the site of the proposed action within any local or regional special planning district (for example: Greenway; Brownfield Opportunity Area (BOA); designated State or Federal heritage area; watershed management plan; or other?) If Yes, identify the plan(s): 	∐Yes ⊠ No
 c. Is the proposed action located wholly or partially within an area listed in an adopted municipal open space plan, or an adopted municipal farmland protection plan? If Yes, identify the plan(s): 	∐Yes ∑ No

a. Is the site of the proposed action located in a municipality with an adopted zoning law or ordinance. If Yes, what is the zoning classification(s) including any applicable overlay district?

∠YesNo

□ Yes **Z** No

✓Yes **□**No

The Project Site is zoned B-5, "Interchange Office Buildings" This zone permits, among other uses, hotels, professional offices, and schools. The applicant proposes a zoning text amendment to add medical office, self-storage, finishing, assembling and testing facilities as "special exception uses" in the district.

b. Is the use permitted or allowed by a special or conditional use permit?

c. Is a zoning change requested as part of the proposed action?

If Yes,

i. What is the proposed new zoning for the site? Amend to allow med office, self-storage, finishing or assembly, product testing uses in the District

C.4. Existing community services.

a. In what school district is the project site located? Rye City School District

b. What police or other public protection forces serve the project site?

Rye Police Department

c. Which fire protection and emergency medical services serve the project site? Rye Fire Department

d. What parks serve the project site?

Abendroth Park, Garibaldi Park, Columbus Park, Playland Park, Gagliardo Park

D. Project Details

D.1. Proposed and Potential Development

a. What is the general nature of the proposed action (e.g., residential, induced components)? Zoning text amendment to facilitate the re-tenanting of an		d, include all
b. a. Total acreage of the site of the proposed action?	+/-18.09 acres	
b. Total acreage to be physically disturbed?	0 acres	
c. Total acreage (project site and any contiguous properties) owned or controlled by the applicant or project sponsor?	+/-18.09 acres	
 c. Is the proposed action an expansion of an existing project or use? <i>i.</i> If Yes, what is the approximate percentage of the proposed expansion square feet)? % Units: d. Is the proposed action a subdivision, or does it include a subdivision? 	n and identify the units (e.g., acres, miles	☐ Yes / No s, housing units,
d. Is the proposed action a subdivision, or does it include a subdivision?		□Yes ☑ No
If Yes,		
<i>i</i> . Purpose or type of subdivision? (e.g., residential, industrial, commerc	al; if mixed, specify types)	
<i>ii.</i> Is a cluster/conservation layout proposed? <i>iii.</i> Number of lots proposed?		□Yes □No
<i>iv.</i> Minimum and maximum proposed lot sizes? Minimum	_ Maximum	
e. Will the proposed action be constructed in multiple phases?		☐ Yes Z No
<i>i</i> . If No, anticipated period of construction:	months	
ii. If Yes:		
 Total number of phases anticipated 		
Anticipated commencement date of phase 1 (including demolities)	on) month year	
 Anticipated completion date of final phase 	monthyear	
Generally describe connections or relationships among phases, in	ncluding any contingencies where progra	ess of one phase may
determine timing or duration of future phases:		

<i>ii.</i> Describe how the proposed action would affect that waterbody or wetland, e.g. excavation, fill, placeme alteration of channels, banks and shorelines. Indicate extent of activities, alterations and additions in squ	
<i>iii.</i> Will the proposed action cause or result in disturbance to bottom sediments? If Yes, describe:	□Yes □No
<i>iv.</i> Will the proposed action cause or result in the destruction or removal of aquatic vegetation?	☐ Yes ☐ No
If Yes:	
acres of aquatic vegetation proposed to be removed:	
 expected acreage of aquatic vegetation remaining after project completion: purpose of proposed removal (e.g. beach clearing, invasive species control, boat access): 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
purpose of proposed removal (e.g. beach clearing, invasive species control, boat access).	
• proposed method of plant removal:	
if chemical/herbicide treatment will be used, specify product(s):	
v. Describe any proposed reclamation/mitigation following disturbance:	
c. Will the proposed action use, or create a new demand for water?	∐Yes √ No
If Yes:	
<i>i</i> . Total anticipated water usage/demand per day: gallons/day	
ii. Will the proposed action obtain water from an existing public water supply?	□Yes □No
If Yes:	
Name of district or service area:	
• Does the existing public water supply have capacity to serve the proposal?	☐ Yes ☐ No
• Is the project site in the existing district?	☐ Yes ☐ No
• Is expansion of the district needed?	☐ Yes ☐ No
• Do existing lines serve the project site?	□ Yes□ No
<i>iii.</i> Will line extension within an existing district be necessary to supply the project? If Yes:	□Yes □No
Describe extensions or capacity expansions proposed to serve this project:	·····
• Source(s) of supply for the district:	······
<i>iv.</i> Is a new water supply district or service area proposed to be formed to serve the project site? If, Yes:	☐ Yes ☐No
Applicant/sponsor for new district:	
Date application submitted or anticipated:	
Proposed source(s) of supply for new district:	
<i>v</i> . If a public water supply will not be used, describe plans to provide water supply for the project:	······
<i>vi</i> . If water supply will be from wells (public or private), what is the maximum pumping capacity:	gallons/minute.
d. Will the proposed action generate liquid wastes? If Yes:	☐ Yes Z No
<i>i</i> . Total anticipated liquid waste generation per day: gallons/day	
<i>ii.</i> Nature of liquid wastes to be generated (e.g., sanitary wastewater, industrial; if combination, describe all approximate volumes or proportions of each):	components and
<i>iii.</i> Will the proposed action use any existing public wastewater treatment facilities? If Yes:	☐ Yes ☐No
Name of wastewater treatment plant to be used:	
Name of district:	
• Does the existing wastewater treatment plant have capacity to serve the project?	□Yes □No
• Is the project site in the existing district?	☐ Yes ☐ No
• Is expansion of the district needed?	☐ Yes ☐No

• Do existing sewer lines serve the project site?	□Yes□No
• Will a line extension within an existing district be necessary to serve the project?	□Yes□No
If Yes:	
• Describe extensions or capacity expansions proposed to serve this project:	
	<u> </u>
iv. Will a new wastewater (sewage) treatment district be formed to serve the project site?	□Yes□No
If Yes:	
Applicant/sponsor for new district:	
Date application submitted or anticipated:	
• What is the receiving water for the wastewater discharge?	
v. If public facilities will not be used, describe plans to provide wastewater treatment for the project, including spec	ifying proposed
receiving water (name and classification if surface discharge or describe subsurface disposal plans):	
<i>vi</i> . Describe any plans or designs to capture, recycle or reuse liquid waste:	
e. Will the proposed action disturb more than one acre and create stormwater runoff, either from new point	□Yes 2 No
sources (i.e. ditches, pipes, swales, curbs, gutters or other concentrated flows of stormwater) or non-point	
source (i.e. sheet flow) during construction or post construction?	
If Yes:	
i. How much impervious surface will the project create in relation to total size of project parcel?	
Square feet or acres (impervious surface)	
Square feet or acres (impervious surface) Square feet or acres (parcel size)	
<i>ii</i> . Describe types of new point sources.	
	······
<i>iii.</i> Where will the stormwater runoff be directed (i.e. on-site stormwater management facility/structures, adjacent p	roperties,
groundwater, on-site surface water or off-site surface waters)?	
If to surface waters, identify receiving water bodies or wetlands:	
• If to surface waters, identify receiving water bodies of wetlands.	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Will stormwater runoff flow to adjacent properties?	□ Yes □ No
<i>iv.</i> Does the proposed plan minimize impervious surfaces, use pervious materials or collect and re-use stormwater?	
f. Does the proposed action include, or will it use on-site, one or more sources of air emissions, including fuel	□Yes ☑ No
combustion, waste incineration, or other processes or operations?	
If Yes, identify:	
<i>i</i> . Mobile sources during project operations (e.g., heavy equipment, fleet or delivery vehicles)	
ii. Stationary sources during construction (e.g., power generation, structural heating, batch plant, crushers)	
iii. Stationary sources during operations (e.g., process emissions, large boilers, electric generation)	
g. Will any air emission sources named in D.2.f (above), require a NY State Air Registration, Air Facility Permit,	□Yes Z No
or Federal Clean Air Act Title IV or Title V Permit?	
If Yes:	
<i>i</i> . Is the project site located in an Air quality non-attainment area? (Area routinely or periodically fails to meet	□Yes□No
ambient air quality standards for all or some parts of the year)	
<i>ii</i> . In addition to emissions as calculated in the application, the project will generate:	
•Tons/year (short tons) of Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	
•Tons/year (short tons) of Nitrous Oxide (N ₂ O)	
Tons/year (short tons) of Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)	
• Tons/year (short tons) of Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF ₆)	
Tons/year (short tons) of Carbon Dioxide equivalent of Hydroflourocarbons (HFCs)	
Tons/year (short tons) of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	

 h. Will the proposed action generate or emit methane (including, but not limited to, sewage treatment plants, landfills, composting facilities)? If Yes: <i>i</i>. Estimate methane generation in tons/year (metric): <i>ii</i>. Describe any methane capture, control or elimination measures included in project design (e.g., combustion to g 	Yes No
electricity, flaring):	
 i. Will the proposed action result in the release of air pollutants from open-air operations or processes, such as quarry or landfill operations? If Yes: Describe operations and nature of emissions (e.g., diesel exhaust, rock particulates/dust): 	∐Yes ∑ No
 j. Will the proposed action result in a substantial increase in traffic above present levels or generate substantial new demand for transportation facilities or services? If Yes: <i>i</i>. When is the peak traffic expected (Check all that apply): Morning Evening Weekend Randomly between hours of to <i>ii</i>. For commercial activities only, projected number of truck trips/day and type (e.g., semi trailers and dump truck) 	
 <i>iii.</i> Parking spaces: Existing Proposed Net increase/decrease <i>iv.</i> Does the proposed action include any shared use parking? <i>v.</i> If the proposed action includes any modification of existing roads, creation of new roads or change in existing <i>vi.</i> Are public/private transportation service(s) or facilities available within ½ mile of the proposed site? 	
 <i>vii</i> Will the proposed action include access to public transportation or accommodations for use of hybrid, electric or other alternative fueled vehicles? <i>viii</i>. Will the proposed action include plans for pedestrian or bicycle accommodations for connections to existing pedestrian or bicycle routes? 	∐Yes∐No ∏Yes∏No
 k. Will the proposed action (for commercial or industrial projects only) generate new or additional demand for energy? If Yes: <i>i</i>. Estimate annual electricity demand during operation of the proposed action: <i>ii</i>. Anticipated sources/suppliers of electricity for the project (e.g., on-site combustion, on-site renewable, via grid/l other): 	
<i>iii.</i> Will the proposed action require a new, or an upgrade, to an existing substation?	☐Yes No
1. Hours of operation. Answer all items which apply. ii. During Operations: iii. During Operations: iii. During Operations: IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	

 m. Will the proposed action produce noise that will exceed existing ambient noise levels during construction, operation, or both? If yes: Provide details including sources, time of day and duration: 	☐ Yes ☐No
<i>ii</i> . Will the proposed action remove existing natural barriers that could act as a noise barrier or screen? Describe:	☐ Yes ☐No
n. Will the proposed action have outdoor lighting?	□Yes □No
If yes: <i>i</i> . Describe source(s), location(s), height of fixture(s), direction/aim, and proximity to nearest occupied structures:	
<i>ii</i> . Will proposed action remove existing natural barriers that could act as a light barrier or screen? Describe:	☐ Yes ☐No
 Does the proposed action have the potential to produce odors for more than one hour per day? If Yes, describe possible sources, potential frequency and duration of odor emissions, and proximity to nearest occupied structures: 	☐ Yes ☐ No
 p. Will the proposed action include any bulk storage of petroleum (combined capacity of over 1,100 gallons) or chemical products 185 gallons in above ground storage or any amount in underground storage? If Yes: <i>i</i>. Product(s) to be stored 	☐ Yes ☐No
<i>ii.</i> Volume(s) per unit time (e.g., month, year) <i>iii.</i> Generally, describe the proposed storage facilities:	
 q. Will the proposed action (commercial, industrial and recreational projects only) use pesticides (i.e., herbicides, insecticides) during construction or operation? If Yes: <i>i</i>. Describe proposed treatment(s): 	☐ Yes ∏No
<i>ii.</i> Will the proposed action use Integrated Pest Management Practices?	☐ Yes ☐No
 r. Will the proposed action (commercial or industrial projects only) involve or require the management or disposal of solid waste (excluding hazardous materials)? If Yes: <i>i</i>. Describe any solid waste(s) to be generated during construction or operation of the facility: 	☐ Yes ☐No
 Construction: tons per (unit of time) Operation : tons per (unit of time) 	
 <i>ii.</i> Describe any proposals for on-site minimization, recycling or reuse of materials to avoid disposal as solid waste Construction:	
Operation:	
 <i>iii.</i> Proposed disposal methods/facilities for solid waste generated on-site: Construction:	
• Operation:	

s. Does the proposed action include construction or modification of a solid waste management facility?				
If Yes:			1 1 211	
<i>i</i> . Type of management or handling of waste proposed		-	g, landfill, or	
other disposal activities):			<u> </u>	
Tons/month, if transfer or other non-	combustion/thermal treatment	or		
Tons/hour, if combustion or thermal				
<i>iii.</i> If landfill, anticipated site life:	years			
t. Will the proposed action at the site involve the comme	rcial generation, treatment, sto	rage, or disposal of hazard	ous Ves No	
waste?				
If Yes:				
<i>i</i> . Name(s) of all hazardous wastes or constituents to be	e generated, handled or manage	ed at facility:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
<i>ii.</i> Generally describe processes or activities involving h	nazardous wastes or constituen	ts:		
<i>u</i> . Generally describe processes of activities involving i	lazardous wastes of constituen			
<i>iii</i> . Specify amount to be handled or generatedt	ons/month			
iv. Describe any proposals for on-site minimization, rec	cycling or reuse of hazardous c	onstituents:		
			<u> </u>	
v. Will any hazardous wastes be disposed at an existing	g offsite hazardous waste facili	ty?	Yes No	
If Yes: provide name and location of facility:				
If No: describe proposed management of any hazardous wastes which will not be sent to a hazardous waste facility:				
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
E. Site and Setting of Proposed Action				
E.1. Land uses on and surrounding the project site				
a. Existing land uses.				
<i>i</i> . Check all uses that occur on, adjoining and near the	project site			
\Box Urban \Box Industrial \blacksquare Commercial \blacksquare Resid	lential (suburban)	(non-farm)		
	r (specify): Transportation (I-95 a			
<i>ii</i> . If mix of uses, generally describe:				
Site is bounded by I-95 to the north and Metro-North tracks to the townhouses to the south of Peck Ave, commercial and retail uses				
	s to the north, onice uses to the we	st, and transportation uses to	ine easi.	
b. Land uses and covertypes on the project site.				
Land use or	Current	Acreage After	Change	
Covertype	Acreage	Project Completion	(Acres +/-)	
• Roads, buildings, and other paved or impervious	7 0	7.8		
surfaces	7.8	7.8	0	
• Forested	0	0	0	
Meadows, grasslands or brushlands (non-	0	0	0	
agricultural, including abandoned agricultural)		~		
• Agricultural	0	0	0	
(includes active orchards, field, greenhouse etc.)				
Surface water features			1	
(lakes, ponds, streams, rivers, etc.)	0	0	0	

	(lakes, ponds, streams, rivers, etc.)	0	U	0
•	Wetlands (freshwater or tidal)	0	0	0
•	Non-vegetated (bare rock, earth or fill)	0	0	0
•	Other Describe: <u>Maintained lawn and landscaping</u>	10.29	10.29	0

c. Is the project site presently used by members of the community for public recreation? <i>i</i> . If Yes: explain:	□Yes☑No
 d. Are there any facilities serving children, the elderly, people with disabilities (e.g., schools, hospitals, licensed day care centers, or group homes) within 1500 feet of the project site? If Yes, <i>i.</i> Identify Facilities: 	∐Yes ∑ No
e. Does the project site contain an existing dam? If Yes:	☐ Yes Z No
<i>i</i> . Dimensions of the dam and impoundment:	
Dam height: feet	
Dam length: feet	
Surface area:	
Volume impounded: gallons OR acre-feet	
<i>ii.</i> Dam's existing hazard classification:	
<i>iii.</i> Provide date and summarize results of last inspection:	
f. Has the project site ever been used as a municipal, commercial or industrial solid waste management facility, or does the project site adjoin property which is now, or was at one time, used as a solid waste management faci If Yes:	□Yes ☑ No lity?
<i>i</i> . Has the facility been formally closed?	□Yes□ No
• If yes, cite sources/documentation:	
<i>ii.</i> Describe the location of the project site relative to the boundaries of the solid waste management facility:	
<i>iii.</i> Describe any development constraints due to the prior solid waste activities:	
g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? If Yes:	☐Yes☑No
<i>i</i> . Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurr	ed:
 h. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site? If Yes: 	✔Yes No
<i>i.</i> Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Remediation database? Check all that apply:	ℤ Yes □ No
Yes – Spills Incidents database Provide DEC ID number(s): 1004096, 8904438	
 Yes – Environmental Site Remediation database Provide DEC ID number(s): Neither database 	
<i>ii.</i> If site has been subject of RCRA corrective activities, describe control measures:	
NA	
<i>iii.</i> Is the project within 2000 feet of any site in the NYSDEC Environmental Site Remediation database? If yes, provide DEC ID number(s): 360086, C360086	√ Yes No
<i>iv.</i> If yes to (i), (ii) or (iii) above, describe current status of site(s):	
Spills 1004096 and 8904438 have been closed by NYSDEC. NYSDEC Environmental Site Remediation database 360086 is classif	ied as "N" (No Further
Action at this Time), and C360086 is classified as "A" (Active). C360086 is located at 38-40 Purchase Street and is in the Brownfield	d Cleanup Program.

v. Is the project site subject to an institutional control limiting property uses?	☐ Yes Z No
 If yes, DEC site ID number:	
Describe any use limitations:	
• Describe any engineering controls:	
 Will the project affect the institutional or engineering controls in place? Explain:	☐ Yes √ No
E.2. Natural Resources On or Near Project Site	
a. What is the average depth to bedrock on the project site?	
b. Are there bedrock outcroppings on the project site?	☐ Yes √ No
If Yes, what proportion of the site is comprised of bedrock outcroppings?%	
c. Predominant soil type(s) present on project site: Ub 22.9	-
UIC 21.2 Uf 48.8	-
d. What is the average depth to the water table on the project site? Average: feet	
e. Drainage status of project site soils:✓ Well Drained:21.2 % of site✓ Moderately Well Drained:22.9 % of site	
Poorly Drained % of site	
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes: 🔽 0-10%:64.6_% of site	
$\boxed{\begin{array}{c}10-15\%:}\\15\% \text{ or greater:}\\\end{array}} \xrightarrow{35.4}\% \text{ of site}$	
g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?	☐ Yes 7 No
If Yes, describe:	
h. Surface water features.	
<i>i</i> . Does any portion of the project site contain wetlands or other waterbodies (including streams, rivers,	□Yes √ No
ponds or lakes)? <i>ii.</i> Do any wetlands or other waterbodies adjoin the project site?	√ Yes No
If Yes to either <i>i</i> or <i>ii</i> , continue. If No, skip to E.2.i.	
iii. Are any of the wetlands or waterbodies within or adjoining the project site regulated by any federal,	✓ Yes □No
state or local agency? <i>iv.</i> For each identified regulated wetland and waterbody on the project site, provide the following information:	
• Streams: Name Classification	
 Streams: Name Classification Lakes or Ponds: Name Small un-named pond Wetlands: Name Approximate Size 	
Wetlands: Name Approximate Size Approximate Size Wetland No. (if regulated by DEC)	<u> </u>
v. Are any of the above water bodies listed in the most recent compilation of NYS water quality-impaired	☐ Yes ∑ No
waterbodies? If yes, name of impaired water body/bodies and basis for listing as impaired:	
i. Is the project site in a designated Floodway?	∐Yes ⊠ No
j. Is the project site in the 100-year Floodplain?	☐Yes ∑ No
k. Is the project site in the 500-year Floodplain?	∐Yes ⊠ No
l. Is the project site located over, or immediately adjoining, a primary, principal or sole source aquifer?	∐Yes ∠ No
If Yes: <i>i</i> . Name of aquifer:	
<i>i.</i> Name of aquifer:	·····

m. Identify the predominant wildlife species			
Raccoon	Gray squirrel		
Norway rat	Field mice	<u> </u>	
Coyote			
n. Does the project site contain a designated	significant natural community?		☐Yes Z No
If Yes:			
<i>i</i> . Describe the habitat/community (compos	ition, function, and basis for design	nation):	
<i>ii</i> . Source(s) of description or evaluation:			
<i>iii</i> . Extent of community/habitat:			
• Currently:		acres	
• Following completion of project as	proposed:	acres	
• Gain or loss (indicate + or -):		acres	
o. Does project site contain any species of pla			☐ Yes ∑ No
endangered or threatened, or does it contain	h any areas identified as habitat for	an endangered or threatened speci	les?
If Yes:			
<i>i.</i> Species and listing (endangered or threatened	1):		
p. Does the project site contain any species of	of plant or animal that is listed by N	VS as rare or as a species of	☐ Yes √ No
special concern?	i plant of animal that is listed by it	To us fulle, of us a species of	
•			
If Yes:			
<i>i</i> . Species and listing:			
q. Is the project site or adjoining area current			∐ Yes ∑ No
If yes, give a brief description of how the pro	posed action may affect that use: _		
E.3. Designated Public Resources On or N	ear Project Site		
a. Is the project site, or any portion of it, loca	ted in a designated agricultural dist	rict certified pursuant to	_Yes √ No
Agriculture and Markets Law, Article 25-	AA, Section 303 and 304?	I	
If Yes, provide county plus district name/num			
b. Are agricultural lands consisting of highly			∐ Yes ∑ No
<i>i</i> . If Yes: acreage(s) on project site?			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<i>ii</i> . Source(s) of soil rating(s):			
c. Does the project site contain all or part of,	or is it substantially contiguous to	a registered National	☐Yes √ No
Natural Landmark?	of is it substantially contiguous to,	a registered National	
If Yes:			
	Biological Community	Geological Feature	
ii. Provide brief description of landmark, in	cluding values benind designation	and approximate size/extent:	
d. Is the project site located in or does it adjo	in a state listed Critical Environme	ntal Area?	☐ Yes √ No
If Yes:			

e. Does the project site contain, or is it substantially contiguous to, a building, archaeological site, or district	\Box Yes \Box No
which is listed on the National or State Register of Historic Places, or that has been determined by the Commission Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation to be eligible for listing on the State Register of Historic Places.	
If Yes:	
<i>i</i> . Nature of historic/archaeological resource: Archaeological Site Historic Building or District	
ii. Name:	
<i>iii</i> . Brief description of attributes on which listing is based:	
f. Is the project site, or any portion of it, located in or adjacent to an area designated as sensitive for archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological site inventory?	⊘ Yes No
g. Have additional archaeological or historic site(s) or resources been identified on the project site?	☐Yes ⊘ No
If Yes:	
<i>i</i> . Describe possible resource(s):	
ii. Basis for identification:	
h. Is the project site within fives miles of any officially designated and publicly accessible federal, state, or local scenic or aesthetic resource?	☐Yes Z No
If Yes:	
<i>i</i> . Identify resource:	
<i>ii.</i> Nature of, or basis for, designation (e.g., established highway overlook, state or local park, state historic trail or etc.):	scenic byway,
<i>iii</i> . Distance between project and resource: miles.	
i. Is the project site located within a designated river corridor under the Wild, Scenic and Recreational Rivers Program 6 NYCRR 666?	☐ Yes ∑ No
If Yes:	
<i>i</i> . Identify the name of the river and its designation:	
ii. Is the activity consistent with development restrictions contained in 6NYCRR Part 666?	□Yes □No

F. Additional Information

Attach any additional information which may be needed to clarify your project.

If you have identified any adverse impacts which could be associated with your proposal, please describe those impacts plus any measures which you propose to avoid or minimize them.

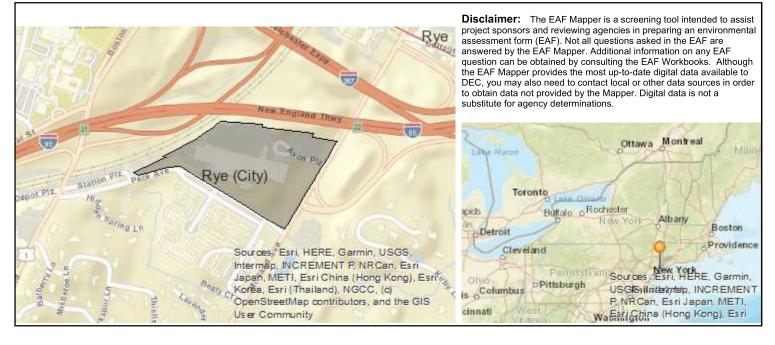
G. Verification

I certify that the information provided is true to the best of my knowledge.

Applicant/Sponsor Name Midland Rye LLC

Date_9/3/2020

Signature_ Pets Ferre______ Title_Sr. Technical Director - AKRF Inc., for the Applicant



B.i.i [Coastal or Waterfront Area]	No
B.i.ii [Local Waterfront Revitalization Area]	Yes
C.2.b. [Special Planning District]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.1.h [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Potential Contamination History]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.1.h.i [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Listed]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.1.h.i [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Environmental Site Remediation Database]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.1.h.iii [Within 2,000' of DEC Remediation Site]	Yes
E.1.h.iii [Within 2,000' of DEC Remediation Site - DEC ID]	360086, C360086
E.2.g [Unique Geologic Features]	No
E.2.h.i [Surface Water Features]	No
E.2.h.ii [Surface Water Features]	Yes
E.2.h.iii [Surface Water Features]	Yes - Digital mapping information on local and federal wetlands and waterbodies is known to be incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.2.h.v [Impaired Water Bodies]	No
E.2.i. [Floodway]	No
E.2.j. [100 Year Floodplain]	No
E.2.k. [500 Year Floodplain]	No
E.2.I. [Aquifers]	No
E.2.n. [Natural Communities]	No
E.2.o. [Endangered or Threatened Species]	No

E.2.p. [Rare Plants or Animals]	No
E.3.a. [Agricultural District]	No
E.3.c. [National Natural Landmark]	No
E.3.d [Critical Environmental Area]	No
E.3.e. [National or State Register of Historic Places or State Eligible Sites]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.3.f. [Archeological Sites]	Yes
E.3.i. [Designated River Corridor]	No

Nick Everett, Chairman Martha Monserrate, Vice Chair Andy Ball Laura Brett Richard Mecca Steven Secon Birgit Townley



Planning Department 1051 Boston Post Road Rye, New York 10580 Tel: (914) 967-7167 Fax: (914) 967-7185 www.ryeny.gov

CITY OF RYE Planning Commission

Memorandum

To: Rye City Council

From: Rye City Planning Commission

Date: November 19, 2019

Subject: Zoning Text Amendments to the B-5 District

Pursuant to your request, this memorandum provides the Planning Commission's advisory opinion with respect to the petition of Midland Rye, LLC to amend the B-5, *Interchange Office Building*, District to expand the list of currently permitted uses.

In response to the comments of the Commission at a series of public meetings over the last few months and in response to the petitioner's request, the initial petition submitted to the City Council has been modified. Initially, the petition proposed to add medical office and storage use to the list of permitted uses in the B-5 District. The current petition includes the following revisions or additions:

- The Commission requested that the definition of "personal storage" be revised to "self-storage" so that it would be more descriptive of the intended use.
- Day-care, which is currently permitted only as an accessory use, was modified to also be a main use in the B-5 District.
- "Finishing or assembling of products" was added at the petitioner's request as a permitted use.
- A parking standard was provided for medical use, which currently exceeds the parking standard for other medical uses in the City Zoning Code.
- Parking standards for each use was either added or modified based on discussions with the Planning Commission and parking data from the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual.

The Commission supports the proposed zoning text amendments. The current B-5 District, which currently consists of just three properties located on the west side of Midland Avenue between Peck Avenue and the Port Chester/Rye boundary, has a fairly limited number of uses. Expanding the list of uses will help the former Avon property be more marketable for the adaptive reuse of the vacant building on the property.



DEPT.: City Manager's Office

CONTACT: Greg Usry, Interim City Manager

AGENDA ITEM: Mayor and Council amendments to the proposed 2021 City of Rye Budget.

DATE: December 1, 2020

FOR THE MEETING OF:

December 2, 2020

RYE CITY CODE, CHAPTER SECTION

RECOMMENDATION:	That the	Mayor	and	the	Council	propose	2021	Rye	City
Budget amendments befo	re openir	ng the pu	ıblic h	neari	ng.				

IMPACT:	🗌 Environmental 🛛 Fiscal 🗌 Neighborhood 🗌 Other:

BACKGROUND: The Rye City Charter stipulates that a public hearing must be held on the proposed Budget.

The City Manager presented the 2021 budget on November 4, 2020. The Council held Budget Workshops on November 17^{th} and 23^{rd} .

Before opening the public hearing, the Mayor and Council may have amendments to the proposed budget.



DEPT.: City Manager's Office

CONTACT: Greg Usry, Interim City Manager

AGENDA ITEM: Open the Public Hearing on the proposed 2021 Budget.

DATE: December 2, 2020

FOR THE MEETING OF:

December 2, 2020

RYE CITY CODE,

CHAPTER SECTION

RECOMMENDATION:	That the	Mayor	and	the	Council	open	а	public	hearing	on
the proposed 2021 Rye	City Budget									

IMPACT:	🗌 Environmental 🛛 Fiscal 🗌 Neighborhood 🗌 Other:	

BACKGROUND: The Rye City Charter stipulates that a public hearing must be held on the proposed Budget. The public hearing shall be held not later than the first Wednesday in December of the current year and upon at least 10 days' notice.

The City Manager presented the 2021 budget on November 4, 2020. The Council held Budget Workshops on November 17th and 23rd.

The public hearing on the Budget is opened on December 2, 2020 and the Budget adoption is scheduled for December 16, 2020.

The proposed 2021 Budget is available on the City website www.ryeny.gov.



DEPT.: City Manager

CONTACT: Greg Usry, Interim City Manager

AGENDA ITEM: Consideration to set a public hearing to adopt a Local Law to override the State enacted tax levy limitation for December 16, 2020.

DATE: December 2, 2020

FOR THE MEETING OF: December 2, 2020 RYE CITY CODE, CHAPTER SECTION

RECOMMENDATION: That the Mayor and the Council set a public hearing to adopt a Local Law to override the State enacted tax levy limitation, only if necessary.

IMPACT:	🗌 Environmental 🖂 Fiscal 🗌 Neighborhood 🗌 Other:

BACKGROUND: New York State enacted a 2% tax cap on June 24, 2011. A provision in the law allows a municipality to override this tax cap under certain provisions including:

- Local governments may override the tax levy limit only by first passing a local law that allows for the tax levy limit to be exceeded.
- This override vote requires a 60 percent vote of the total voting power of the governing body to pass.
- In a case where a weighted vote is used to pass the budget, the override will require a 60 percent weighted vote of the local government 's governing body.
- The override vote must precede the vote on adoption of the budget although both votes may occur on the same day.

See attached draft Local Law.

CITY OF RYE

LOCAL LAW NO. ____ FOR THE YEAR 2020

A LOCAL LAW TO OVERRIDE THE TAX LEVY LIMIT ESTABLISHED IN GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW §3-C

Be it enacted by the City Council of the City of Rye as follows:

Section 1. Legislative Intent: It is the intent of this local law to override the limit on the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by the City of Rye pursuant to General Municipal Law §3-c, and to allow the City of Rye to adopt a budget for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2021 and ending December 31, 2021 that requires a real property tax levy in excess of the "tax levy limit" as defined by General Municipal Law §3-c.

The City Council finds that this local law would provide the City the flexibility it may need when it adopts the 2021 budget. Thus, the City Council of the City of Rye finds that it is in the best interests of the City to enact the local law.

<u>Section 2.</u> Authority: This local law is adopted pursuant to subdivision 5 of General Municipal Law §3-c, which expressly authorizes the City Council to override the tax levy limit by the adoption of a local law approved by vote of at least sixty percent (60%) of the City Council.

<u>Section 3.</u> Tax Levy Limit Override: The City Council of the City of Rye, County of Westchester is hereby authorized to adopt a budget for the fiscal year 2021 that requires a real property tax levy in excess of the amount otherwise prescribed in General Municipal Law §3-c.

<u>Section 4.</u> Severability: If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, or part of this Local Law or the application thereof to any person, firm or corporation, or circumstance, shall be adjusted by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unconstitutional, such order or judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, or part of this Local Law or in its application to the person, individual, firm or corporation or circumstance, directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment or order shall be rendered.

Section 5. Effective date: This local law shall take effect immediately upon filing with the Secretary of State.